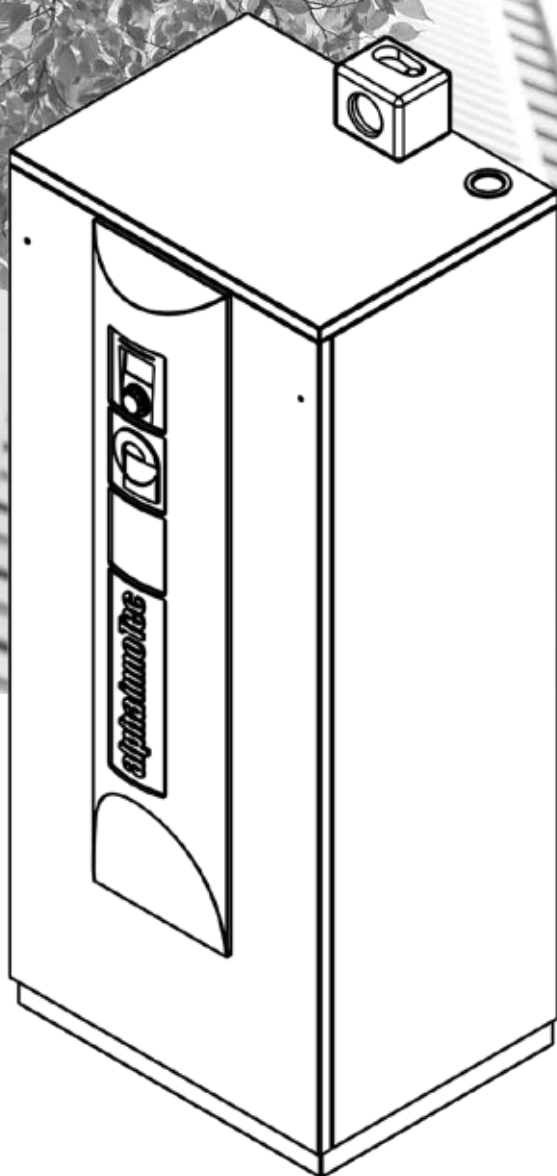
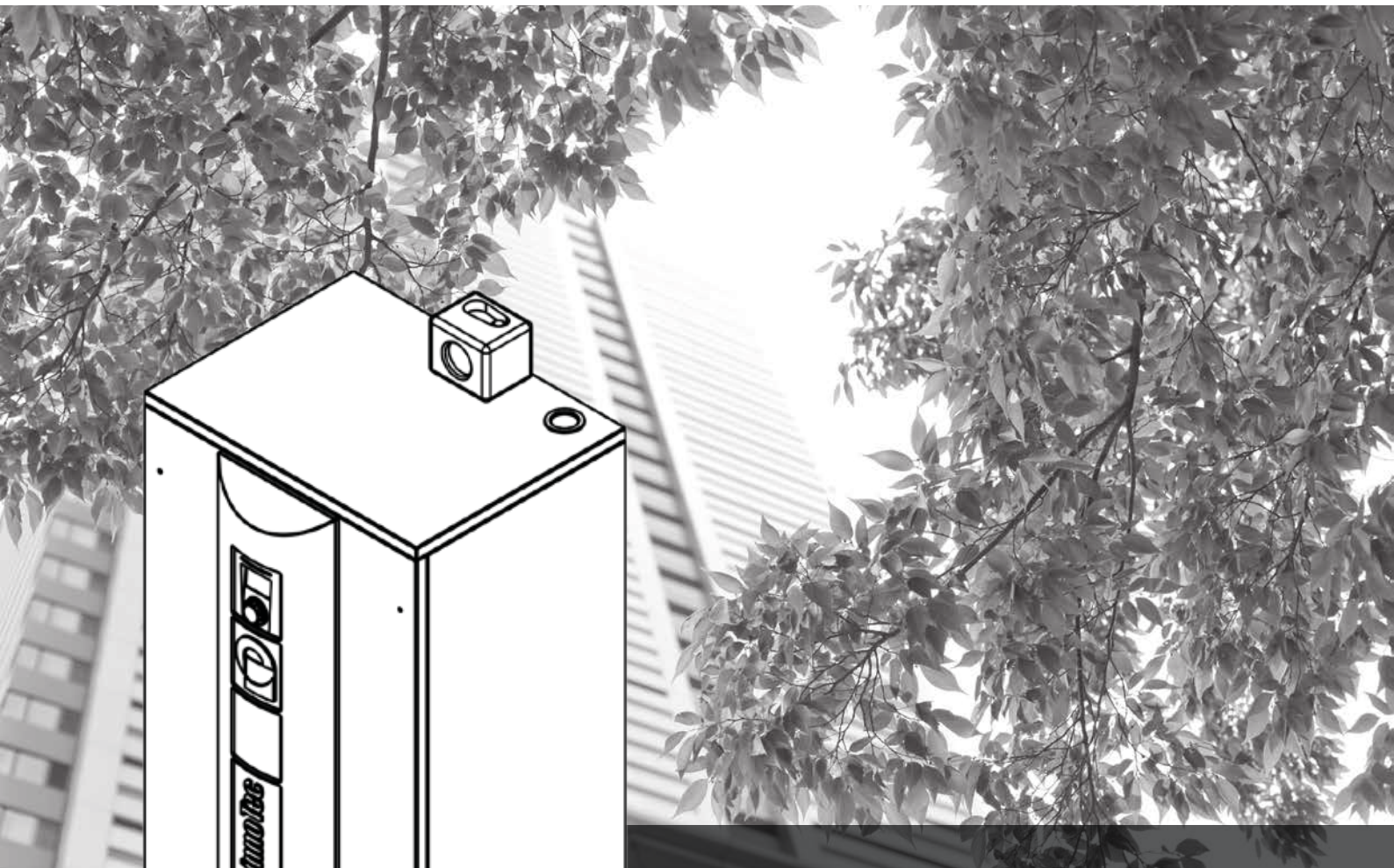


*the better way to heat*



Water/Water-Heat Pumps  
Compact

# Operating Manual

WWC H/X – series

WWC X – series

83050700fUK – Translation into English of the original German operating manual





## Please read first

This operating manual provides important information on handling the unit. It is an integral part of the product and must be stored so that it is accessible in the immediate vicinity of the unit. It must remain available throughout the unit's entire service life. It must be handed over to subsequent owners or users of the unit.

Read the operating manual before starting any work on or with the unit. Especially the chapter on safety. Follow all instructions in full and unreservedly.

It is possible that this operating manual may contain instructions that seem incomprehensible or unclear. In the event of any questions or if any details are unclear, contact the factory customer service department or the manufacturer's local partner.

Since this operating manual was written for several different models of the unit, always comply with the parameters for the respective model.

This operating manual is intended only for persons assigned to work on or with the unit. Treat all constituent parts confidentially. They are protected by copyright. They may not be reproduced, transmitted, copied, stored in electronic systems or translated into another language, either wholly or in part, without the express written permission of the manufacturer.

## Symbols

The following symbols are used in the operating manual. They have the following meaning:



Information for users.



Information or instructions for qualified technicians.



### **DANGER!**

Indicates imminent danger, which results in severe injuries or death.



### **WARNING!**

Indicates a potentially dangerous situation, which could result in severe injuries or death.



### **CAUTION!**

Indicates a potentially dangerous situation that could result in moderate or slight injuries.



### **IMPORTANT**

Indicates a potentially dangerous situation, which could result in property damage.



### **NOTE.**

Emphasized information.



### **ENERGY SAVING TIP**

Indicates advice, which helps to save energy, raw materials and costs.



Reference to other sections of the operating manual.



Reference to other documents of the manufacturer.



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## Intended use

The unit is only to be used for its intended purpose. This means:

- for heating.
- for domestic water heating.

The unit may be operated only within its technical parameters.



Overview “Technical data / scope of delivery”.



### NOTE.

Notify the responsible power supply company of the use of a heat pump or heat pump system.

## Disclaimer

The manufacturer is not liable for any damage or losses resulting from use of the unit which is not its intended use.

The manufacturer's liability also expires:

- if work is carried out on the unit and its components contrary to the instructions in this operating manual.
- if work is improperly carried out on the unit and its components.
- if work is carried out on the unit which is not described in this operating manual, and this work has not been explicitly approved by the manufacturer in writing.
- if the unit or components in the unit have been altered, modified or removed without the explicit written consent of the manufacturer.

## EC conformity

The unit bears the CE marking.



EC Declaration of Conformity

## Safety

The unit is safe to operate for its intended use. The construction and design of the unit conform to current state of the art standards, all relevant DIN/VDE regulations and all relevant safety regulations.

Every person who carries out work on the unit must have read and understood the operating manual before starting any work. This also applies if the person concerned has already worked with such a unit or a similar unit or has been trained by the manufacturer.

Every person who carries out work on the unit must comply with the relevant local accident prevention and safety regulations. This especially applies to the wearing of personal protective clothing.



### DANGER!

**Risk of fatal electric shock!**

**All electrical connection work must be carried out by qualified electricians only. Before opening the unit, safely disconnect the system from the power supply and prevent it from being switched back on!**



### WARNING!

**Only qualified personnel (trained heating, refrigerating system and refrigerant engineers and electricians) may carry out work on the unit and its components.**



### WARNING!

**Note and follow safety stickers on and in the unit.**



### WARNING!

**Unit contains refrigerant! Leaking refrigerant could result in personal injury and environmental damage. Therefore:**

- **Switch off system.**
- **Thoroughly ventilate installation room.**
- **Notify the manufacturer's authorised service centre.**



### IMPORTANT

For safety reasons:

Never disconnect the unit from the power supply, unless the unit is being opened.



## ! IMPORTANT

Only install the heat pump indoors.



Dimensioned drawing and installation plan for the respective unit model.

## Customer service

For technical assistance, please contact your qualified technician or the manufacturer's local service partner.

For a current list and additional partners of the manufacturer, please visit

DE: [www.alpha-innotec.de](http://www.alpha-innotec.de)

EU: [www.alpha-innotec.com](http://www.alpha-innotec.com)

## Warranty/Guarantee

For warranty and guarantee provisions, please refer to your purchase documents.



### NOTE.

Please contact your dealer about all matters concerning warranties and guarantees.

## Disposal

When withdrawing the old unit from service, always comply with the relevant local laws, guidelines, directives and standards concerning the recovery, recycling and disposal of the operating materials and components of refrigerating units.



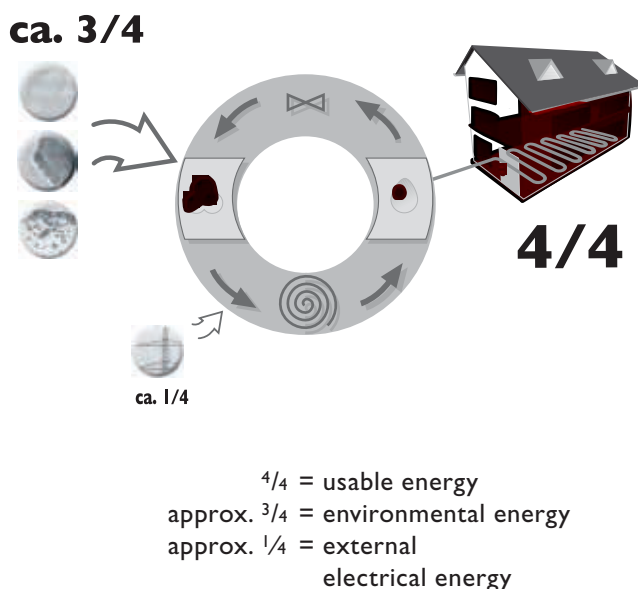
"Dismantling".

## Operating principle of heat pumps

Heat pumps operate on the same principle as a refrigerator: same technology, only with reversed benefits. The refrigerator extracts heat from foods, which is released into the room through fins on the back.

The heat pump extracts heat from our environment: air, earth or ground water. The extracted heat is conditioned in the unit and supplied to the heating water. Even when it is extremely cold outside, the heat pump draws enough heat to heat a house.

Example: drawing of a brine/water heat pump with floor heating:







## Area of use and heat source requirements

Taking into consideration the ambient conditions, limits of use and the relevant regulations, every heat pump can be used in new or existing heating systems.



“Technical data/scope of delivery” overview,

### WATER TEMPERATURE / WATER QUANTITY

The water in the extraction well of the heat source system must have a minimum temperature of 7 °C all year round and may not exceed a temperature of 25°C. Depending on the heat output required or its cooling capacity as a relevant variable for dimensioning the heat source, a minimum water rate is required, which must be provided by the heat source as a continuous output. Before installing the water/water heat pump, a pump test should/must be carried out for at least 12 hours with verification of a quasi-constantly lowered water table (persistence) in order to provide information about the quantity of water available. For efficient operation of the well, during the initial start-up the nominal flow rate must be adjusted on the heat source side. Any appropriate components, which enable balancing are to be installed in the pipe network here. The material of the components used must be chosen according to the water quality. The necessary flow rate (heat source water rate) must meet the heat pump's requirements.



“Technical data/scope of supply” overview.

### WATER QUALITY

In Germany the well must be designed and built to DIN 4021 and VDI 4640 (in other countries according to the corresponding regulations). Wells may only be drilled and built by drilling companies with a permit in accordance with DVGW W120. The water quality of the heat source is defined as normal groundwater. Ensure that the suction and return pipe always extends below the water level by sufficient depth, to ensure that oxygen is not added to the water (risk of iron oxide deposits). Please discuss the problem of iron oxide deposits with your well builder. During the planning the quality of the groundwater should be checked in advance as well as possible (e.g. by asking the competent water authority or searching for data on existing adjacent wells) and subsequently verified by water analysis in the built production well. The following table helps to assess the water quality.



### IMPORTANT

A water analysis and pump test must be carried out before installing the water/water heat pump.



### NOTE:

Water analyses are prepared by water test laboratories. Initial information about possible use of groundwater is available from your local water management authority. A pump test provides information as to whether a sufficient quantity / rate of water is available to cover the requirements for the heating output of your unit. The minimum groundwater flow rate must at least be available as a continuous output.



“Technical data/scope of supply” overview, “Heat source flow rate” section.

### EVALUATION OF THE WATER ANALYSIS

Water constituents - minimum requirement. The water should be analysed in advance for the test values listed below (table). An important criterion to be used for taking water samples is the DVGW Standard, Technical Notices, Leaflet W 112 and use of the technical rules listed in it (DIN, EN and ISO standards).

Designation	Limit
pH value	> 6.8
Iron level	< 0.2 mg / l
Manganese level	< 0.1 mg / l
Chloride level	< 300 mg / l
Free chlorine level	< 3 mg / l
Turbidity	none
Technical freedom from sand	< 0,1 ml sand per 10 l pumped water



### IMPORTANT

If a value does not conform to the value listed in the table, a water/water heat pump may not be used. Direct operation of the unit in conjunction with surface water, wastewater, industrial wastewater or mixtures of water and alkali solutions, acids or chlorine is also not allowed.



## Heat metering

In addition to proof of the system's efficiency, the EEWaermeG (German law on renewable energy heat) also requires heat metering (referred to in the following as WME). The WME is mandatory for air/water heat pumps. For brine/ water and water/water heat pumps, a WME must be installed for flow temperatures  $\geq 35^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The WME must record the total thermal energy output (heating and domestic hot water) in the building. In the case of heat pumps with heat metering the analysis is carried out via the controller. This displays the thermal energy output into the heating system in kWh.



### NOTE.

Unit variants with or without heat metering are available.

## Operation

### ENERGY SAVING USE OF THE HEAT PUMP HEATING

By deciding to purchase a heat pump or a heat pump system you are making a long-term contribution to protecting the environment through low emissions and reduced primary energy use.

You can operate and control the heat pump system with the control panel of the heating and heat pump controller.



### NOTE.

Make sure that the control settings are correct.



Operating manual of the heating and heat pump controller.

To ensure that your heat pump or heat pump system operates efficiently and in an environmentally friendly way in heating mode, please pay particular attention to the following:



### ENERGY SAVING TIP

Avoid unnecessarily high flow temperatures. The lower the flow temperature on the heating water side the more efficient the system.



### ENERGY SAVING TIP

Preferably use purge ventilation. Compared to continuously open windows, this form of ventilation (fully opening windows for a short period, two to three times a day) reduces energy consumption and your heating bill.

## Care of the unit

You can clean the outer surfaces of the unit with a damp cloth and proprietary household cleaning products.

Do not use cleaning or care products that contain abrasives, acids and/or chlorine. Such products would irreparably damage the surfaces and could also cause technical damage to the unit.

## Maintenance of the unit

The cooling circuit of the heat pump requires no regular maintenance.

According to EU regulation (EC) 517/2014, leak inspections and maintenance of a log book are required by law for certain heat pumps!



Log book for heat pumps, Section "Information on use of the log book".

The components of the heating circuit and the heat source (valves, expansion vessels, circulation pumps, filters, dirt traps) should be tested and cleaned as needed, however, at least annually, by qualified personnel (heating or refrigerating system fitters).

It is best to arrange a maintenance agreement with a heating installation company. The company will arrange the necessary regular maintenance work.

### CLEANING AND FLUSHING UNIT COMPONENTS



### CAUTION!

Unit components may be cleaned and flushed only by customer service personnel authorised by the manufacturer. Use only liquids recommended by the manufacturer.

After flushing the condenser with chemical cleaning agent, any residues must be neutralised and the system intensively flushed with water. Always note and follow the technical data of the respective heat exchanger manufacturer.



## Malfunctions

In the event of a malfunction, you can detect the cause of the malfunction via the diagnostics program of the heating and heat pump controller.



Operating manual of the heating and heat pump controller.



### **WARNING!**

**Only customer service personnel authorised by the manufacturer may carry out service and repair work on the components of the unit.**

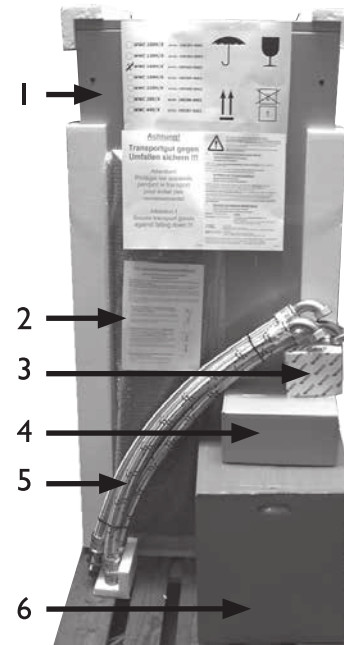
Note that no fault is displayed if the safety temperature limiter on the electric heating element has triggered (depending on model).



“Commissioning”, “Safety temperature limiter” section.

## Scope of delivery

Example layout of the scope of delivery:



- 1 Compact unit with hermetic compressor, all safety-relevant components for refrigeration circuit monitoring, installed sensors for recording the hot gas, heating water flow and return temperature, sensors for monitoring the heat source temperature, flow monitors for monitoring the water flow rate
- 2 Screen
- 3 Safety assembly for the heating circuit
- 4 Separate package (size 1: one box; size 2: two boxes) with control panel, external temperature sensor, dirt trap, Sylomer strips, seals
- 5 Vibration isolators for the heating circuit and for the heat source
- 6 Expansion vessel for the heating circuit with cap valve

Complete the following first:

- ① Check the delivery for outwardly visible signs of damage...
- ② Check to make sure that the delivery is complete... Any defects or incorrect deliveries must be reported immediately.



### **NOTE.**

Note the unit model.



“Technical data / scope of delivery” overview.





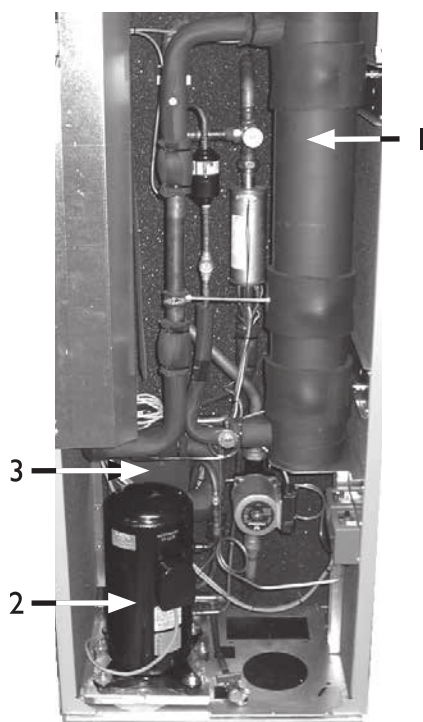
## FUNCTIONALLY NECESSARY ACCESSORIES

### ! IMPORTANT

Only use the manufacturer's original accessories.

If the unit is to be used for heating water, a 3-way switching valve must be installed. This is not included with the unit and must be ordered separately.

## MAIN COMPONENTS



- 1 evaporator
- 2 compressor
- 3 condenser

## Installation

The following applies to all work to be done:



### NOTE.

Always comply with the relevant local accident prevention regulations, statutory regulations, guidelines and directives.



### NOTE.

Note the sound information for the respective model.



“Technical data/Scope of delivery” overview, “Sound” section.

## INSTALLATION ROOM



### ATTENTION

Install the heat pump only indoors.  
The installation room must be frost-free and dry.



### WARNING!

Please note and follow the respective relevant local standards, directives and regulations applicable, especially the minimum volume necessary depending on the refrigerant capacity of the relevant heat pump system (EN 378-1).

Refrigerant	Limit
R 134a	0.25 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
R 404A	0.48 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
R 407C	0.31 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
R 410A	0.44 kg/m <sup>3</sup>



Overview “Technical data/scope of delivery”, “General unit data” section.

$$\text{Minimum volume} = \frac{\text{Refrigerant capacity [kg]}}{\text{Limit [kg/m}^3\text{]}}$$



### NOTE.

If several heat pumps of the same type are installed, only one heat pump must be considered.  
If several heat pumps of different types are installed, the heat pump with the largest refrigerant capacity must be considered.



## TRANSPORT TO INSTALLATION LOCATION

Always comply with the following safety information during transport:



### **WARNING!**

Several people are required to transport the unit. Take into account the weight of the unit.



“Technical data/Scope of delivery” overview, “General unit data” section,



### **CAUTION!**

Wear safety gloves.



### **WARNING!**

The unit can tilt and tip over when being removed from the wooden pallet and during transport. This can result in personal injury and damage to the unit.

- Take suitable precautions to prevent the risk of tipping over.



### **IMPORTANT**

Never use components and hydraulic connections on the unit for transport purposes.



### **IMPORTANT**

Do not tilt the unit more than a maximum of 45° (in any direction).

To prevent transport damage, you should transport the unit to its final place of installation in its packed condition (on the wooden pallet with packaging) using a pallet truck.

If it is not possible to transport the unit to the final installation location using a pallet truck, you can also transport the heat pump on a handcart.

Before transporting with a handcart, we recommend removing the front panel in order to reduce the weight of the unit.

- ① Remove packaging and set extra box aside (will be needed later on!)

- ② Remove angle bracket, transport and packaging material from the unit...

Dispose of angle bracket, transport and packaging material properly and in an ecologically compatible way...

Lift unit from the pallet...

- ③ Remove front panel of unit...

③.①

To do so, loosen the quick-release screws. Turn through 90° to the left...



③.②

Lift front panel and set aside in a safe place.

- ④ Push handcart under the rear side of the unit.



### **IMPORTANT**

If the handcart is pushed under the unit at the rear panel, ensure you do not damage any connections during transport.



### **IMPORTANT**

Transport with a handcart on the front side of the unit is not permitted.



### **IMPORTANT**

Do not tilt the unit more than a maximum of 45° (in any direction).

## INSTALLATION



### **CAUTION!**

Several people are required to install the unit.



### **NOTE.**

Take into account the size of the unit.



“Technical data/Scope of delivery” overview, “General unit data” section.



### **NOTE.**

Always refer to and follow the installation plan for the respective model. Note the size and minimum clearances.



Installation plan for the respective model.



Proceed as follows at the installation location:

- ① If you have not already done so, remove angle bracket, transport and packaging material from the unit. Set the extra box to the side and lift the unit from the wooden pallet...



“Transport to installation location”.

Dispose of angle bracket, transport and packaging material properly and in an ecologically compatible way...

- ② Set unit on a stable, solid and level, preferably sound-insulated surface. Ensure that the floor is designed for the weight of the heat pump...

Set up the unit so that the switchbox side (= operator side) is accessible at all times...



“Technical data/Scope of delivery” overview, “General unit data” section.

- ③ Use the Sylomer strips supplied to level out any minor unevenness.

The Sylomer strips give the heat pump additional stability. They absorb sound and vibrations transfer to the floor.

Place the Sylomer strips under the heat pump as follows:

③•①

Tilt the unit to one side, slowly and carefully...

Secure unit in raised tilted position so that it cannot accidentally tip back into the original position.



### IMPORTANT

Do not tilt the unit more than a maximum of 45° (in any direction).

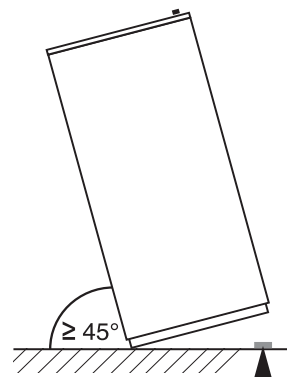


### CAUTION!

Hands and fingers could be crushed during the following work!

③•②

Position a Sylomer strip under the unit, flush with the respective outer edge...



③•③

Slowly and carefully tilt the unit back into its initial position.

- ④ Repeat steps ③•① to ③•③ for the remaining sides of the unit.

Position Sylomer strips at right angles to each other, end-to-end:



Front side of unit (= operator side)



## Installing the hydraulic connections



### NOTE.

All materials used in the heat source circuit (pipes, connections, sealing material...) must be corrosion resistant and suitable for the ground-water quality. Use suitable plastics or stainless steel.



### IMPORTANT

Connect the unit to the heating circuit according to the hydraulic diagram for the respective model.



“Hydraulic connection” instructions.



### IMPORTANT

The heat source system must be designed according to the specifications of the planning manual.



Planning manual and “Hydraulic connection” documents.



### NOTE.

Check to make sure that the cross-section and lengths of the pipes for the heating circuit are adequately dimensioned. The free compression of the circulation pumps must be able to deliver at least the minimum throughput required for your model.



“Technical data/Scope of delivery” overview, “Heat source” and “Heating circuit” sections.



### NOTE:

Check whether the cross-sections and lengths of the heat source pipes are adequately dimensioned.



### NOTE:

The heat source pump must be designed as a constant speed pump. It must at least produce the minimum throughput required for your unit model. The heat source pump must be designed by performing a pipe network calculation.



“Technical data/Scope of delivery” overview, “Heat source” sections..



### IMPORTANT

Please note that the designed heat source pump may only be used within its pump characteristic curve!



### IMPORTANT

When installing the connections, always secure the connections on the unit against twisting, in order to prevent damage to the copper pipes inside the unit.



### NOTE:

Install the dirt trap included in the scope of delivery in the well shaft (heat source inlet)

The connections for the heating circuit or the heat source are located at the rear of the unit:



For position of the connections, please refer to the dimensioned drawing for the respective model.

- 1 Install shut-off devices for the heating water outlet (flow) and heating water inlet (return) on the heat pump side...

Install shut-off devices for the heat source inlet and heat source outlet on the heat pump side...



### NOTE.

By installing the shut-off devices, the evaporator and condenser of the heat pump can be flushed, if necessary.

- 2 Thoroughly flush the heating circuit and heat source circuit before connecting to the unit...



### NOTE.

Dirt and deposits in the heating circuit and heat source can cause malfunctions.

- 3 Connect the fixed pipes of the heating circuit with the corresponding connections at the rear of the unit. Use vibration isolators and elbow unions (size 2 only)...

Vibration isolators must be installed to prevent structurally borne sound transfer to the fixed piping.

Vibration isolators for the heating circuit are included with the unit; they have a zined mesh and are marked in colour.

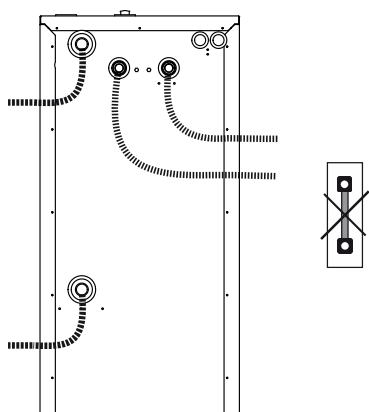


- ④ Connect the fixed piping of the heat source with the relevant connections at the rear of the unit. Use vibration isolators and elbow unions (size 2 only)...

Vibration isolators must be installed to prevent structurally borne sound transfer to the fixed piping.

Vibration isolators for the heat source are included with the unit and have a stainless steel mesh.

Lay vibration isolators in the quadrant, as shown by way of example in the following sketch:



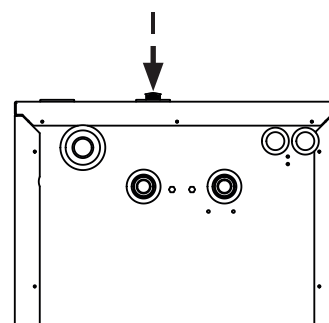
Straight or extended hose laying of the vibration isolators is not permitted.

## SAFETY ASSEMBLY

You must install the safety assembly for the heating circuit. The safety assembly for the heating circuit is included in the extra box.

The discharge from the heating water safety valve must be drained according to the relevant standards and regulations. Discharging the safety valve discharge into the sewers is allowed only if fed via a funnel siphon, which must be accessible at all times.

The connection for the safety assembly is located on the outside at the top rear of the unit.



I Heating circuit safety assembly connection

## EXPANSION VESSEL

The expansion vessel for the heating circuit and the corresponding cap valve are included in the scope of delivery. They must both be integrated in the heating circuit on site in compliance with the relevant standards, guidelines and directives.

### ! IMPORTANT

In conjunction with a multi-functional and/or buffer tank with volume >200 l, always install an additional, adequately-dimensioned expansion vessel.





## Domestic water heating

If the unit is to be used for domestic water heating, a 3-way changeover valve must be installed. This is not included with the unit and must be ordered separately.



### IMPORTANT

Only use the manufacturer's original accessories.

Domestic water heating with the heat pump requires an additional heating water circuit (parallel) to the heating circuit. When connecting, make sure that the domestic hot water charge is not fed through a buffer tank in the heating circuit.



"Hydraulic connection" documents.

## Domestic hot water tank

If the heat pump is to be used for domestic water heating, you must integrate special domestic hot water tanks in the heat pump system. Choose a storage volume so that the required quantity of domestic hot water is available even during a power failure.



### NOTE:

The heat exchanger surface of the domestic hot water tank must be dimensioned so that the heating output of the heat pump is transferred with minimum spread.

You can choose a domestic hot water tank from our product range. They are optimally matched to your heat pump.



### NOTE:

Integrate the domestic hot water tank in the heat pump system as shown in the hydraulic diagram for your system.



"Hydraulic connection" documents.

## Electrical connection work

The following applies to all work to be done:



### DANGER!

**Risk of fatal electric shock!**

**All electrical connection work must be carried out by qualified electricians only.**

**Before opening the unit, safely disconnect the system from the power supply and prevent it from being switched back on!**



### WARNING!

**During installation and when carrying out electrical work, comply with the relevant EN-, VDE and/or local safety regulations.**

**Comply with technical connection requirements of the responsible power supply company (if required by the latter)!**



### NOTE.

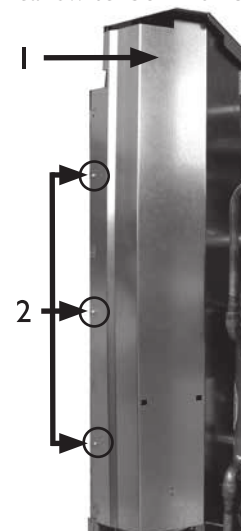
All live cables must be stripped before they are laid in the cable duct of the switchbox!

① Open unit, if closed...



"Transport to the installation location", ② and ③.

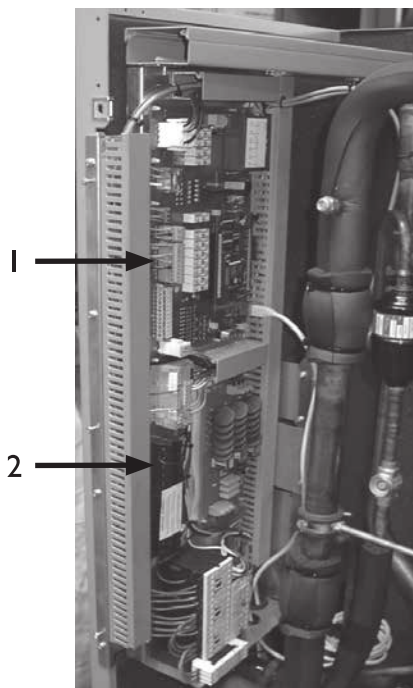
② Open electrical switchbox inside the unit...



- 1 Cover plate of the switchbox
- 2 Screw plugs

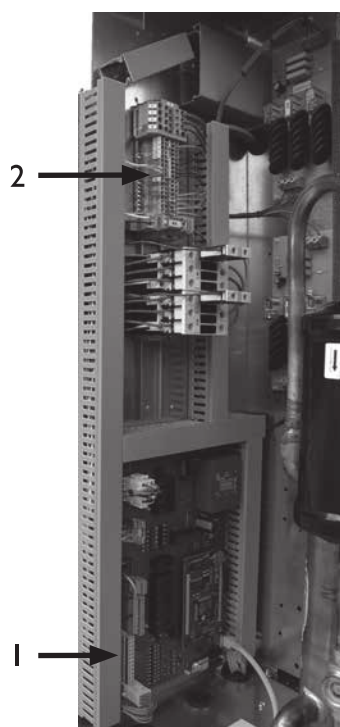


Opened switch box size 1:



- 1 Controller board connections
- 2 Power and control cable connections

Opened switch box size 2:



- 1 Controller board connections
- 2 Power and control cable connections

- ③ Feed the load and control cables as well as the cables for sensors into the inside of the unit through the openings provided at the rear of the unit...



For positioning of the rubber grommets for feeding through the cables, see “dimensioned drawing” for the respective model.

- ④ Lay load and control leads in the cable duct inside the unit all the way to the switchbox.

- ⑤ Install electrical connections according to the terminal diagram and the circuit diagrams.



“Terminal diagrams” and “Circuit diagrams” for the respective model.



### IMPORTANT

Install electric connections only according to the terminal diagram and the circuit diagrams that apply to your model.



### IMPORTANT

Ensure clockwise rotary field of the load power supply (compressor).

Operation with the incorrect rotary direction of the compressor can cause serious, irreparable damage to the compressor.



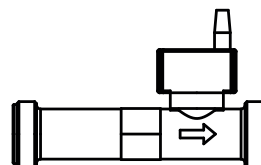
### IMPORTANT

The power supply for the heat pump must be equipped with a three-phase automatic circuit-breaker with at least 3mm contact spacing to IEC 60947-2.

Note the level of the tripping current.



“Technical data/Scope of delivery” overview, “Electrics” section.



### IMPORTANT

The sensor cable for heat quantity recording may not be shortened!



### NOTE.

The control panel of the heating and heat pump controller can be connected to a computer or network using a suitable network cable, enabling the heating and heat pump controller to be controlled remotely from there.



If this is required, install a shielded network cable (category 6, with RJ-45 connector) through the unit when installing the connections and run it through the front panel of the unit, parallel to the existing control cable of the heating and heat pump controller.

- ⑥ After completing all electrical installation work, close the switchbox inside the unit...
- ⑦ Screw on the front panel of the unit, if no further installation work inside the unit is to be carried out immediately.

## Flushing and filling the system



### IMPORTANT

The system must be absolutely free from air before commissioning.

## WATER QUALITY OF THE FILL AND MAKE-UP WATER IN WATER HEATING SYSTEMS ACCORDING TO VDI 2035

### PART I AND II

Use of modern, energy-efficient heat pump systems is becoming increasingly widespread. Their ingenious technology enables these systems to achieve very good efficiencies. The decreasing space available for heat generators has led to the development of compact units with increasingly smaller cross-sections and high capacities. This means the complexity of the systems and the material diversity are also increasing, which plays an important role especially in their corrosion behaviour. The heating water not only affects the efficiency of the system, but also the life of the heat generator and the heating components of a system.

The guide values of VDI 2035 Part I and Part II must therefore be complied with as minimum requirements for proper operation of the systems. Our practical experience has shown that the safest, most reliable and fault-free running is achieved with so-called low-salt operation.

VDI 2035 Part I provides important information and recommendations regarding scaling and its prevention in heating and domestic hot water heating systems.

VDI 2035 Part II primarily deals with the requirements for reducing heating water corrosion in hot water heating systems.

### PRINCIPLES OF PART I AND PART II

The occurrence of scaling and corrosion damage in hot water heating systems is low, if

- proper planning, design and commissioning is carried out
- the system is closed in corrosion terms
- adequately dimensioned pressurising is integrated
- the guide values for the heating water are complied with
- and regular servicing and maintenance are carried out.

A system log should be kept, in which the relevant planning & design data is entered (VDI 2035).

### DAMAGE THAT CAN OCCUR IN CASE OF FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THE ABOVE

- Malfunctions and the failure of components (e.g. pumps, valves)
- Internal and external leaks (e.g. from heat exchangers)
- Cross-section reduction and blockaging of components (e.g. heat exchanger, pipes, pumps)
- Material fatigue
- Gas bubbles and gas cushion formation (cavitation)
- Negative effect on heat transfer (formation of coatings, deposits) and associated noises (e.g. boiling noises, flow noises)

### LIMESCALE – THE ENERGY KILLER

Filling with untreated drinking water inevitably leads to the precipitation of all calcium as scale. The consequence: limescale deposits form on the heat transfer surfaces of the heating. The efficiency falls and the energy costs rise. A rule of thumb is that 1 millimetre of limescale deposit causes an efficiency loss of 10%. In extreme cases it can even cause damage to the heat exchangers.

### WATER SOFTENING TO VDI 2035 – PART I

If the water is softened in accordance with the VDI 2035 guidelines before it is used to fill the heating system, no scale can form. This effectively and permanently prevents limescale deposits and the resulting negative effects on the entire heating system.



## CORROSION – AN UNDERESTIMATED PROBLEM

VDI 2035, Part II, deals with the problem of corrosion. Softening the heating water can prove to be insufficient. The pH value can significantly exceed the limit of 10. pH values higher than 11 can set in, which even damage rubber seals. The VDI 2035, Part I guidelines are fulfilled; however, VDI 2035, Part 2 suggests a pH value between 8.2 and maximum 10.

If aluminium materials are used, which is the case in many modern heating systems, a pH value of 8.5 must not be exceeded! Because otherwise there is a threat of corrosion – aluminium is attacked without the presence of oxygen. Therefore, apart from softening the heating fill and make-up water, the heating water should also be appropriately conditioned. This is the only way to comply with the VDI 2035 requirements and the recommendations and installation instructions of the heat pump manufacturer.

Part 2 of VDI 2035 also refers to the reduction in total salt content (conductivity). The risk of corrosion is far lower if deionised water is used than is the case if the system is operated with salty, i.e. softened water.

Even if the water has been softened beforehand, it contains dissolved, corrosive salts, which act as electrolytes due to the use of different materials in the heating system and therefore accelerate corrosion processes. This can ultimately result in pitting.

## ON THE SAFE SIDE WITH LOW-SALT OPERATION

The problems listed above do not occur at all with low-salt operation, as the heating water contains neither corrosive


salts such as sulphates, chlorides and nitrates nor alkalis-ing sodium hydrogen carbonate. The corrosive properties of deionised water are very low and in addition, scale cannot form in the boiler. This is the ideal approach for closed heating circuits, in particular, because low oxygen input into the heating circuit can also be tolerated.

In general, when the system is filled with deionised water, the pH value sets itself within the ideal range due to “self-alkalinisation”. If necessary, a pH value of 8.2 can be very easily alkalis-ed by adding chemicals. In this way, optimum protection of the entire heating system is achieved.

## MONITORING

Analytical recording and monitoring of the relevant water values and the added active conditioning substances is of decisive importance. Therefore, they should be monitored regularly using appropriate water test equipment.

## FLUSH AND FILL THE HEATING CIRCUIT AND THE DOMESTIC HOT WATER TANK

- ① Place a bleeder (vent) at the highest point of the heating circuit in the heating water outlet (flow)...
  - ② If necessary, place a bleeder at the highest point of the heating circuit in the heating water inlet (return)...
  - ③ Open unit, if closed...
-  “Transport to the installation location”, ② and ③.
- ④ Flush and fill the unit via the filling and draining tap...

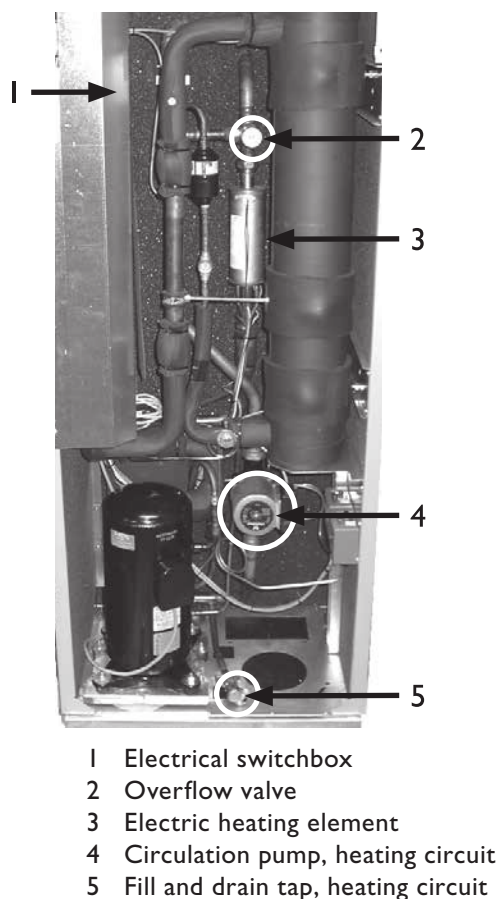
### ! IMPORTANT

Do not exceed a pressure of 2.5 bar when flushing the unit. The drain line of the heating circuit safety valve must be closed before flushing and filling.

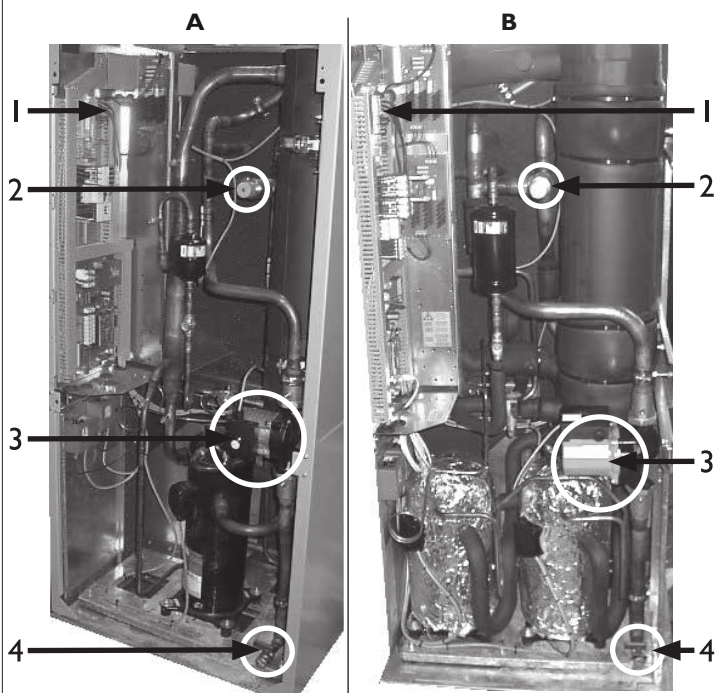


## Bleeding

VIEW OF INSIDE OF UNIT, SIZE 1



VIEW OF INSIDE OF UNIT, SIZE 2



### BLEEDING THE UNIT

The unit is bled automatically if the bleeder (vent valve) of the safety assembly is open. If the heating circuit is filled or drained, the venting valve of the safety assembly opens.

### BLEEDING THE CIRCULATION PUMP OF THE HEATING CIRCUIT

Unscrew the screw cover in the middle of the circulation pump until loose and close again after venting.

### BLEEDING THE DOMESTIC HOT WATER TANK

To bleed the domestic hot water tank, the domestic hot water charge circuit must be flushed separately.

To do this, manually switch the domestic hot water changeover valve to domestic hot water charging. After bleeding, return it to the initial position.





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**NOTE:**

Once the heat pump, heating circuit and domestic hot water charging circuit have been flushed, the bleeding program of the heating and heat pump controller must be started, after the control panel has been installed.

- ⑤ If no further steps follow, install the front panel.

## Insulating the hydraulic connections

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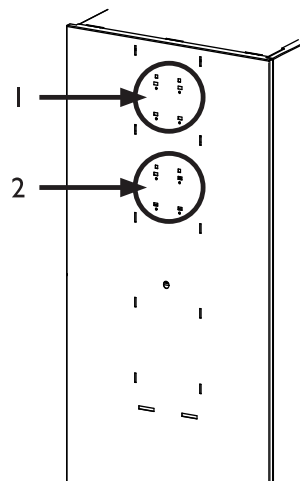
**NOTE.**

Insulate the heating circuit and the heat source according to relevant local standards and guidelines.

- ① Check all hydraulic connections for leaks. Perform leak test...
- ② Insulate all connections, vibration isolators, connections and pipes of the heating circuit and the heat source. Insulate the heat source so that it is **vapour-diffusion tight**.

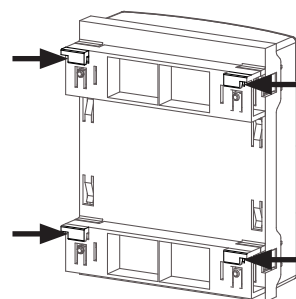
## Installing the control panel

There are 4 each recesses at different heights in the front panel of the unit for fastening the control panel:

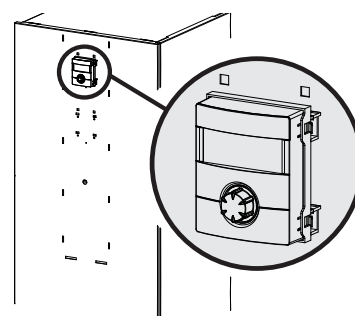


- 1 four upper recesses  
2 four lower recesses

There are 4 hooks at the rear of the control panel, which are used to hook the control panel on the front panel of the unit:



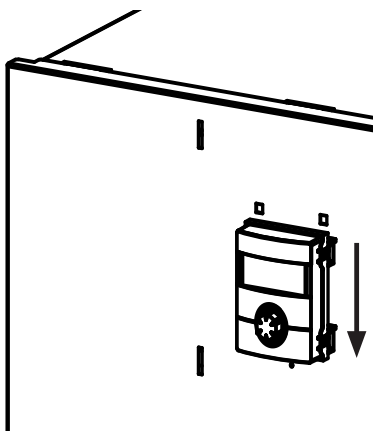
- ① Hook the control panel's hooks into the recesses of the front panel (either in the upper or lower recesses)...



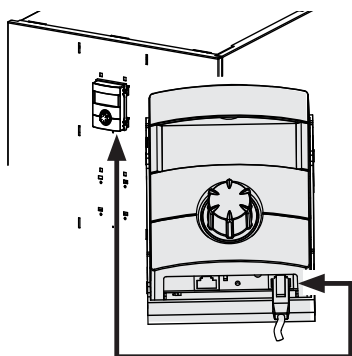
Example:  
Control panel in upper recesses



- ② Push down the hooked in control panel, until it latches into place...



- ③ Push the control cable of the heating and heat pump controller into the **right-hand** socket on the underside of the control panel...



#### NOTE.

A connection to a computer or a network can be made via the left socket at the bottom of the control panel, thereby allowing the heating and heat pump controller to be controlled remotely from there. This requires a shielded network cable (category 6) to be laid through the unit during the electrical connection work.



Operating manual for the heating and heat pump controller, "Qualified technician" version, "Web server" section.

If this network cable is available, insert the network cable's RJ-45 connector into the left socket of the control panel.



#### NOTE.

The network cable can be exchanged at any time. In order to be able to connect it, the screen must first be removed.

## Installation and removal of the screen

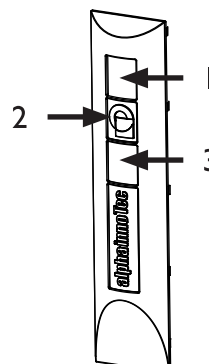
### INSTALLING THE SCREEN



#### NOTE.

The masking plate is provided in the as delivered unit so that the control panel is inserted in the upper recesses of the front panel.

If the control panel has been inserted in the lower recesses of the front panel, you must first remove the masking plate's dummy cover and then reinsert it above the logo.

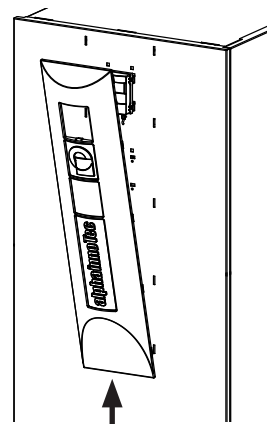


Screen at time of delivery:

- 1 Recess for control panel
- 2 Logo
- 3 Dummy cover

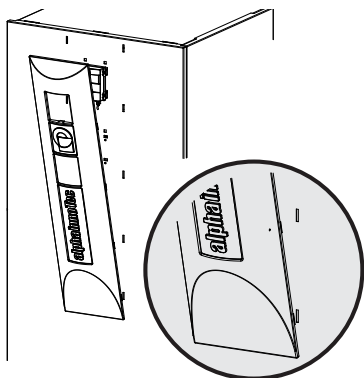


- ① First, insert the masking plate **below** in the slots provided in the front panel...



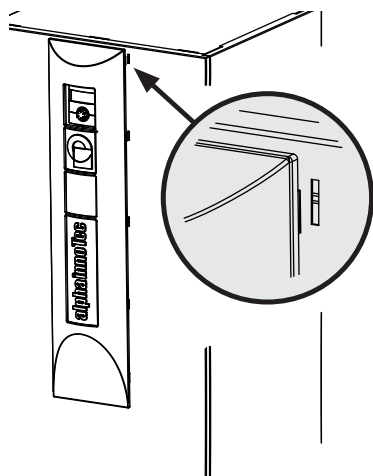


- ② Then, beginning on one side, latch the lugs on the masking plate **from the bottom up** into the slots provided in the front panel...



- ③ Then, on the opposite side, latch the lugs on the masking plate **from the bottom up** into the slots provided in the front panel...

- ④ Finally, press the upper latching lugs of the masking plate into the slots provided in the front panel.



## DISMANTLING THE MASKING PLATE

In order to dismantle the masking plate, the latching lugs must be completely released **on one side first** by pushing **towards the middle of the masking plate**. Then release the lugs on the opposite side.

## Set the overflow valve

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### REMARQUE

The activities in this section are only necessary for in-line tank integration.

Complete the worksteps quickly, otherwise the maximum return temperature can be exceeded and the heat pump switches to high-pressure fault.

Turn the adjusting knob at the overflow valve to the right to increase the temperature difference (the temperature drop), turn it to the left to reduce it.

System is running in heating mode (ideally in cold condition).

- ① In case of low heating curve: Set the system to "Forced heating"...



Operating manual of the heating and heat pump controller.

- ② Shut off valves to the heating circuit...

- ③ Ensure that the total flow is routed via the overflow valve...

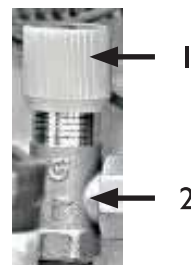
- ④ Read out the flow and return temperature at the heating and heat pump controller...



Operating manual of the heating and heat pump controller.

- ⑤ Turn the adjusting knob (2) of the overflow valve (1) until the temperature drop between the flow and return temperature is set as follows:

Heat source temperature	Recommended settings
10 °C	9 K



- ⑥ Open valves to heating circuit...

- ⑦ Reset the heating and heat pump controller.



**NOTE.**

① Carry out a thorough installation check and work through the general checklist...



Check that...

- **clockwise rotary field** of the load power supply (compressor) is ensured.
- The heat pump **installation and assembly** have been carried out according to the requirements of this operating manual.
- the electrical installation work has been completed properly.
- The power supply for the heat pump must be equipped with an all-pole automatic circuit-

- The heating circuit is flushed, filled and thoroughly vented.
- All valves and shut-off devices of the heating circuit are open.
- All pipe systems and components of the system are leaktight.

② Carefully fill out and sign the completion report for heat pump systems...

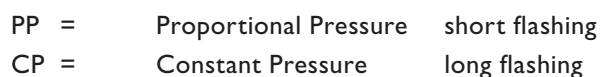


In other countries:

Send completion report for heat pump systems and general checklist to the manufacturer's local partner...

④ The heat pump system is commissioned by customer service personnel authorised by the manufacturer. There is a fee for starting up!

## PUMP SETTINGS FOR WWC 220HX AND WWC 280X



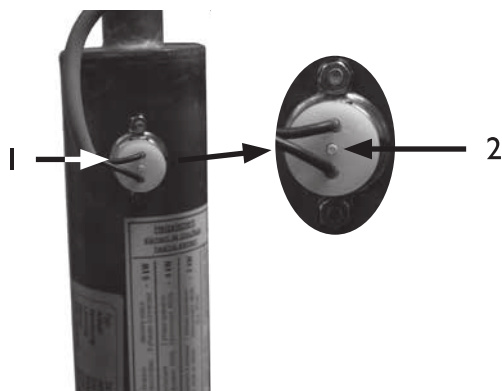
For operation, the recirculation pump always has to be in the range „Constant Pressure“



## INFORMATION FOR UNITS WITH INTEGRATED ELECTRIC HEATING ELEMENT

### SAFETY TEMPERATURE LIMITER

A safety temperature limiter is installed in the electric heating element. If the heat pump fails or there is air in the system, check whether the reset button of this safety temperature limiter has sprung out. If necessary, push it back in again.



- 1 Safety temperature button on electric heating element
- 2 Reset button

## Dismantling



### **DANGER!**

**Risk of fatal electric shock!**

**Electrical work may only be carried out by qualified electricians.**

**Before opening the unit, safely disconnect the system from the power supply and prevent it from being switched back on!**



### **WARNING!**

**Only qualified heating or refrigerating system personnel may dismantle the unit from the system.**



### **IMPORTANT**

Recycle or ensure proper disposal of unit components, refrigerants and oil according to the relevant regulations, standards and guidelines.

## REMOVAL OF THE BUFFER BATTERY



### **IMPORTANT**

Before scrapping the heating and heat pump controller, remove the buffer battery on the processor board. The battery can be pushed out using a screwdriver. Dispose of battery and electronic components in an environmentally friendly way.





## Technical data/Scope of delivery

Heat pump type	Brine/water   Air/water   Water/water	• applicable   — not applicable
Installation location	Indoors   Outdoors	• applicable   — not applicable
Conformity		CE
Performance data	Heating capacity/COP at	
	W10/W35 Standard point to EN14511 2 compressors kW   ...	
	1 compressor kW   ...	
	W10/W45 Standard point to EN14511 kW   ...	
	W10/W35 Standard point acc. to EN255 2 compressors kW   ...	
	1 compressor kW   ...	
Limits of use	Heating circuit °C	
	Heat source °C	
	additional operating points ...	
Sound	Sound pressure level averaged at distance of 1m around the machine (in free field) dB(A)	
	Sound power level to EN12102 dB	
Heat source	Flow rate: minimum flow   nominal flow   maximum flow l/h	
	Pressure loss heat pump $\Delta p$ (with cooling $\Delta p_K$ )   Flow rate bar (bar)   l/h	
	Free compression heat pump $\Delta p$ (with cooling $\Delta p_K$ )   Flow rate bar (bar)   l/h	
	Recommended heat source pump	
	Power consumption of the heat source pump at nominal throughput kW	
	Nominal power / electricity consumption of heat source pump kW   A	
	Total compression of the recommended heat source pump at nominal throughput bar	
	Dirt trap, to be installed upstream of the heat pump (included in additional box)	
Heating circuit	Flow rate: minimum flow   nominal flow   maximum flow l/h	
	Pressure loss heat pump $\Delta p$ (with cooling $\Delta p_K$ )   Flow rate bar (bar)   l/h	
	Free compression heat pump $\Delta p$ (with cooling $\Delta p_K$ )   Flow rate bar (bar)   l/h	
General unit data	Dimensions (see dimensioned drawing for the specified unit size) unit size	
	Total weight (including cooling) kg (kg)	
	Additional weight module 1 kg	
	Additional weight module 2 kg	
	Connections Heating circuit ...	
	Heat source ...	
	Refrigerant Refrigerant type   Quantity ...   kg	
Electrics	Voltage code   all-pole circuit breaker heat pump *) ...   A	
	Voltage code   circuit breaker control voltage *) ...   A	
	Voltage code   circuit breaker electric heating element *)   A	
Heat pump	Effective power consumption in the standard point W10/W35 to EN14511: Power consumption   current consumption   cos $\phi$ kW   A   ...	
	Maximum machine current within the use limits A	
	Starting current: direct   with soft starter A   A	
	Degree of protection IP	
	Output, electric heating element 3   2   1 phase kW   kW   kW	
Components	Circulation pump, heating circuit at nominal flow rate: Power consumption   current consumption kW   A	
	Circulation pump, heat source at nominal flow rate: Power consumption   current consumption kW   A	
Passive cooling function	Specification only for units with designator K: Cooling output at nominal flow rate (15°C heat source, 25°C heating water) kW	
Safety equipment	Safety component heating circuit   Safety component heat source Incl. in scope of delivery: • yes — no	
Heating and heat pump controller	Incl. in scope of delivery: • yes — no	
Electronic soft starter	integrated: • yes — no	
Expansion vessels	Heat source: Scope of delivery   Volume   Initial pressure • yes — no     bar	
	Heating circuit: Scope of delivery   Volume   Initial pressure • yes — no     bar	
Overflow valve	integrated: • yes — no	
Vibration decouplers	Heating circuit   heat source Incl. in scope of delivery: • yes — no	

UK813241-a

\*) comply with local regulations n.d. = not detectable



WWC100HX	WWC130HX	WWC160HX	WWC190HX	WWC220HX
—   —   —   •	—   —   —   •	—   —   —   •	—   —   —   •	—   —   —   •
•   —	•   —	•   —	•   —	•   —
•	•	•	•	•
—	—	—	—	—
11,0   5,6	12,9   5,5	14,7   5,6	18,6   5,6	21,8   5,7
—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—
11,2   5,7	12,7   5,7	14,8   5,7	18,6   5,7	21,8   6,1
20 - 65	20 - 65	20 - 65	20 - 65	20 - 65
7 - 25	7 - 25	7 - 25	7 - 25	7 - 25
—	—	—	—	—
40	40	40	40	43
53	53	53	53	56
2200   2200   4100	2600   2600   4500	3000   3000   5200	3800   3800   6500	4400   4400   7700
0,06 (—)   2200	0,1 (—)   2600	0,11 (—)   3000	0,16 (—)   3800	0,23 (—)   4400
—	—	—	—	—
Grundfos SP 3A-6	Grundfos SP 3A-6	Grundfos SP 3A-6	Grundfos SP 3A-6	Grundfos SP 5A-6
0,33	0,38	0,38	0,38	0,54
0,38   1,4	0,38   1,4	0,38   1,4	0,38   1,4	0,55   2,2
3,00	2,85	2,57	1,76	2,67
5/4"	5/4"	5/4"	5/4"	6/4"
950   1900   2400	1100   2200   2800	1300   2500   3100	160   3100   3900	1900   3700   4700
—	—	—	—	—
0,34 (—)   1350	0,46 (—)   1600	0,40 (—)   1800	0,52 (—)   2200	0,61 (—)   3700
1	1	1	1	1
213 (—)	216 (—)	219 (—)	227 (—)	235 (—)
—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—
R 5/4" AG	R 5/4" AG	R 5/4" AG	R 5/4" AG	R 5/4" AG
R 5/4" AG	R 5/4" AG	R 5/4" AG	R 5/4" AG	R 5/4" AG
R407c   2,95	R407c   3,5	R407c   3,95	R407c   4,3	R407c   4,5
3~/PE/400V/50Hz   C10	3~/PE/400V/50Hz   C10	3~/PE/400V/50Hz   C10	3~/PE/400V/50Hz   C13	3~/PE/400V/50Hz   C13
1~/N/PE/230V/50Hz   B10	1~/N/PE/230V/50Hz   B10	1~/N/PE/230V/50Hz   B10	1~/N/PE/230V/50Hz   B10	1~/N/PE/230V/50Hz   B10
3~/N/PE/400V/50Hz   C10	3~/N/PE/400V/50Hz   C10	3~/N/PE/400V/50Hz   C16	3~/N/PE/400V/50Hz   C16	3~/N/PE/400V/50Hz   C16
1,96   3,8   0,74	2,35   4,4   0,77	2,6   4,6   0,81	3,27   6,0   0,79	3,82   7,0   0,79
5,9	6,9	7,5	9,4	11,0
30   —	—   20	—   25	—   28	—   30
20	20	20	20	20
6   4   2	6   4   2	9   6   3	9   6   3	9   6   3
0,07   n.n.	0,16   n.n.	0,16   n.n.	0,17   n.n.	0,18   n.n.
—   —	—   —	—   —	—   —	—   —
—	—	—	—	—
•   —	•   —	•   —	•   —	•   —
•	•	•	•	•
—	•	•	•	•
—   —   —	—   —   —	—   —   —	—   —   —	—   —   —
•   25l   1,5	•   25l   1,5	•   35l   1,5	•   35l   1,5	•   50l   1,5
•	•	•	•	•
•   •	•   •	•   •	•   •	•   •
813233-e	813234-f	813235-e	813236-d	813237-g



## Technical data/Scope of delivery

Heat pump type	Brine/water   Air/water   Water/water	• applicable   — not applicable
Installation location	Indoors   Outdoors	• applicable   — not applicable
Conformity		CE
Performance data	Heating capacity/COP at	
	W10/W35 Standard point to EN14511 2 compressors kW   ...	
	1 compressor kW   ...	
	W10/W45 Standard point to EN14511 kW   ...	
	W10/W35 Standard point acc. to EN255 2 compressors kW   ...	
	1 compressor kW   ...	
Limits of use	Heating circuit °C	
	Heat source °C	
	additional operating points ...	
Sound	Sound pressure level averaged at distance of 1m around the machine (in free field) dB(A)	
	Sound power level to EN12102 dB	
Heat source	Flow rate: minimum flow   nominal flow   maximum flow l/h	
	Pressure loss heat pump $\Delta p$ (with cooling $\Delta p_K$ )   Flow rate bar (bar)   l/h	
	Free compression heat pump $\Delta p$ (with cooling $\Delta p_K$ )   Flow rate bar (bar)   l/h	
	Recommended heat source pump	
	Power consumption of the heat source pump at nominal throughput kW	
	Nominal power / electricity consumption of heat source pump kW   A	
	Total compression of the recommended heat source pump at nominal throughput bar	
	Dirt trap, to be installed upstream of the heat pump (included in additional box)	
Heating circuit	Flow rate: minimum flow   nominal flow   maximum flow l/h	
	Pressure loss heat pump $\Delta p$ (with cooling $\Delta p_K$ )   Flow rate bar (bar)   l/h	
	Free compression heat pump $\Delta p$ (with cooling $\Delta p_K$ )   Flow rate bar (bar)   l/h	
General unit data	Dimensions (see dimensioned drawing for the specified unit size) unit size	
	Total weight (including cooling) kg (kg)	
	Additional weight module 1 kg	
	Additional weight module 2 kg	
	Connections Heating circuit ...	
	Heat source ...	
	Refrigerant Refrigerant type   Quantity ...   kg	
Electrics	Voltage code   all-pole circuit breaker heat pump *) ...   A	
	Voltage code   circuit breaker control voltage *) ...   A	
	Voltage code   circuit breaker electric heating element *)   A	
Heat pump	Effective power consumption in the standard point W10/W35 to EN14511: Power consumption   current consumption   cos $\phi$ kW   A   ...	
	Maximum machine current within the use limits A	
	Starting current: direct   with soft starter A   A	
	Degree of protection IP	
	Output, electric heating element 3   2   1 phase kW   kW   kW	
Components	Circulation pump, heating circuit at nominal flow rate: Power consumption   current consumption kW   A	
	Circulation pump, heat source at nominal flow rate: Power consumption   current consumption kW   A	
Passive cooling function	Specification only for units with designator K: Cooling output at nominal flow rate (15°C heat source, 25°C heating water) kW	
Safety equipment	Safety component heating circuit   Safety component heat source Incl. in scope of delivery: • yes — no	
Heating and heat pump controller	Incl. in scope of delivery: • yes — no	
Electronic soft starter	integrated: • yes — no	
Expansion vessels	Heat source: Scope of delivery   Volume   Initial pressure • yes — no     bar	
	Heating circuit: Scope of delivery   Volume   Initial pressure • yes — no     bar	
Overflow valve	integrated: • yes — no	
Vibration decouplers	Heating circuit   heat source Incl. in scope of delivery: • yes — no	

UK813241-a

\*) comply with local regulations n.d. = not detectable



	WWC280X	WWC440X
	—   —   •	—   —   •
	•   —	•   —
	•	•
	—	42,2   5,3
	27,0   5,1	21,3   5,4
	—	—
	—	42,2   5,4
	27,0   5,2	21,3   5,5
	20 - 60	20 - 60
	7 - 25	7 - 25
	—	—
	47	47
	60	60
	5300   5300   9300	8500   8500   14700
	0,18 (—)   5300	0,35 (—)   8500
	—	—
	Grundfos SP 8A-5	Grundfos SP 8A-5
	0,63	0,73
	0,75   2,3	0,75   2,3
	2,40	2,0
	6/4"	6/4"
	2300   4600   5800	3600   7200   9000
	—	—
	0,4 (—)   4600	0,44 (—)   5200
	2	2
	365 (—)	402 (—)
	—	—
	—	—
	R 6/4" AG	R 6/4" AG
	R 6/4" AG	R 6/4" AG
	R407c   4,4	R407c   8,4
	3~/PE/400V/50Hz   C20	3~/PE/400V/50Hz   C32
	1~/N/PE/230V/50Hz   B10	1~/N/PE/230V/50Hz   B10
	—   —   —	—   —   —
	5,29   8,8   0,86	2x 3,9   2x 6,8   0,83
	14,8	2x 11,8
	—   29,5	—   22
	20	20
	—   —   —	—   —   —
	0,22   n.n.	0,39   n.n.
	—   —	—   —
	—	—
	•   —	•   —
	•	•
	•	•
	—   —   —	—   —   —
	•   50l   1,5	•   80l   1,5
	•	•
	•   •	•   •

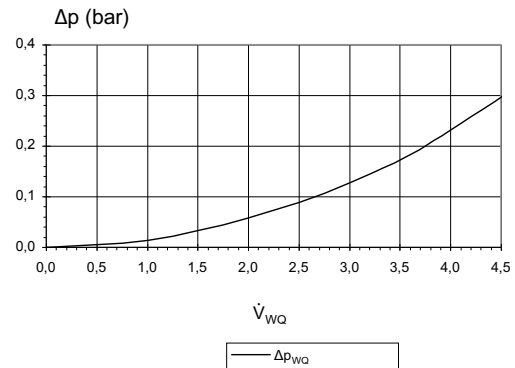
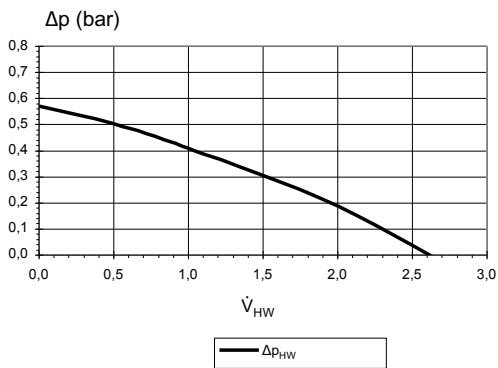
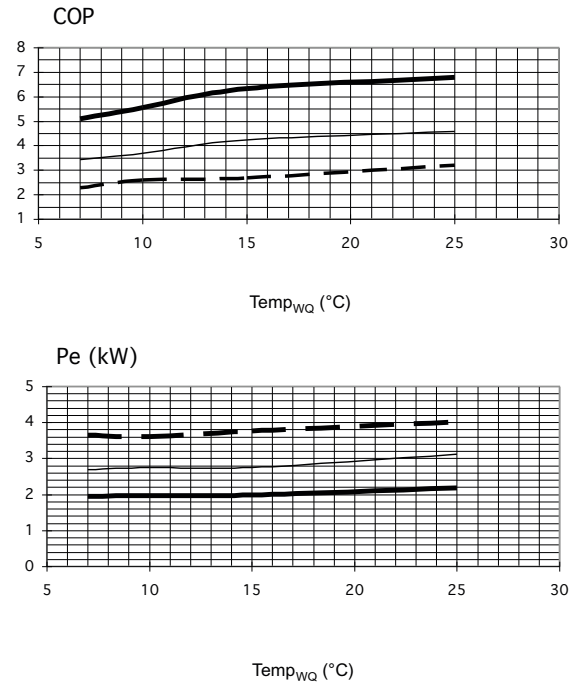
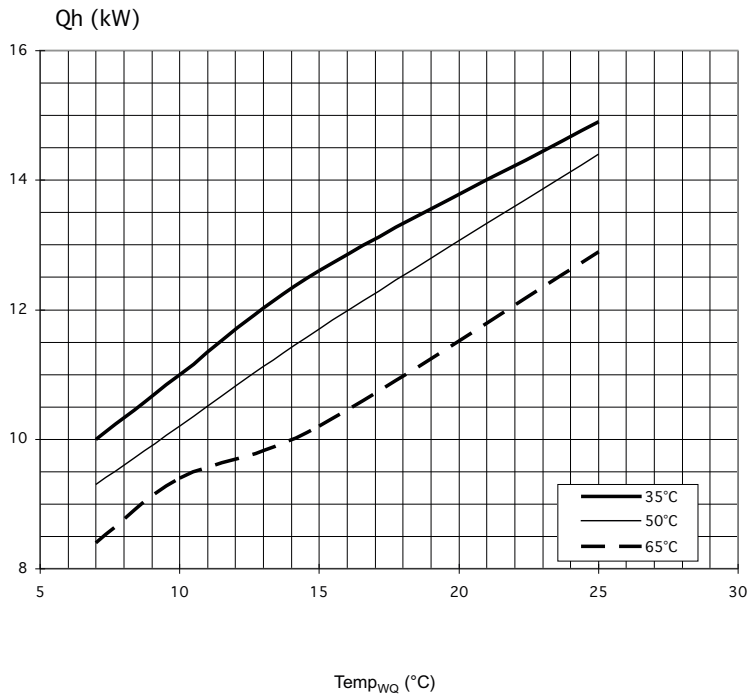
813238-e

813239-d



# WWC 100H/X

## Performance curves



823201

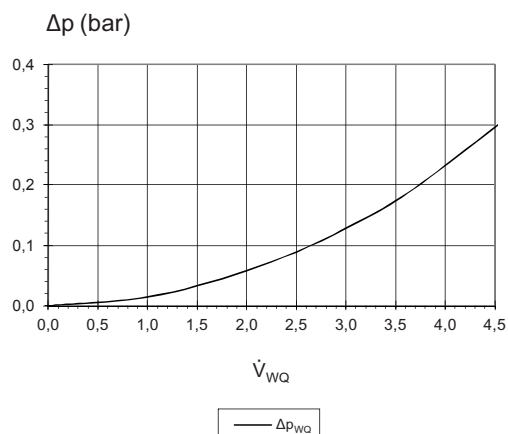
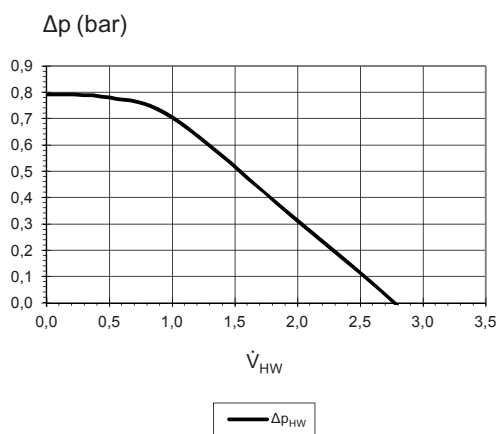
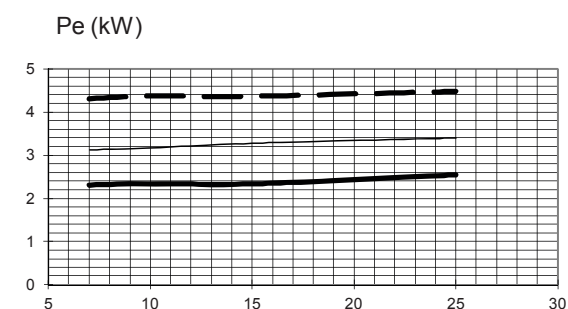
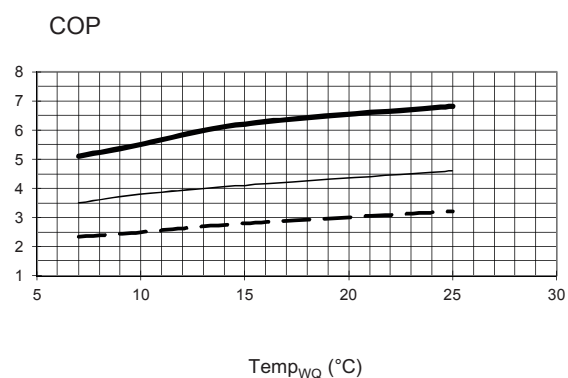
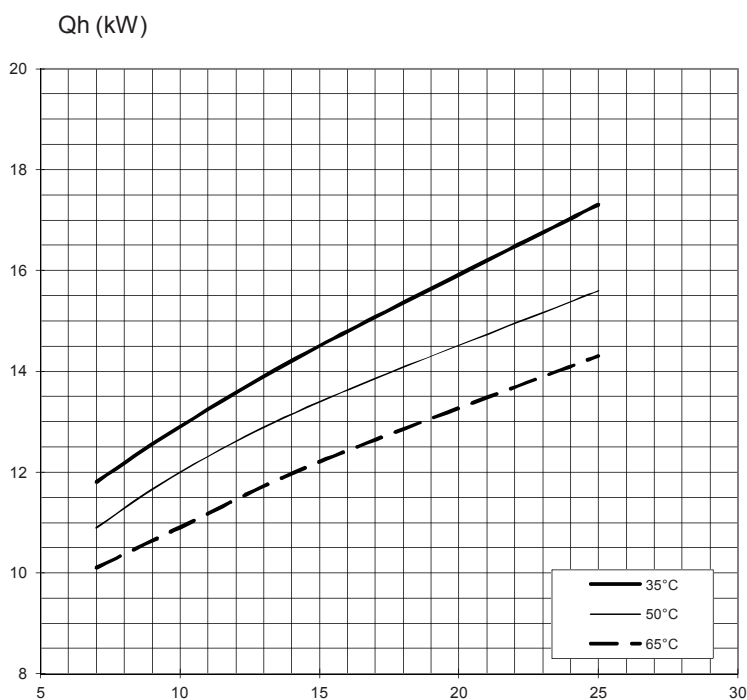
Legend:	UK823200
V <sub>HW</sub>	Heating water flow rate
V <sub>WQ</sub>	Heat source flow rate
Temp <sub>WQ</sub>	Heat source temperature
Q <sub>h</sub>	Heating capacity
Pe	Power consumption
COP	Coefficient of performance / efficiency rating
Δp <sub>HW</sub>	Free compression, heating circuit
Δp <sub>WQ</sub>	Heat source pressure loss
CP	Compressor





## Performance curves

WWC 130H/X



823002-a

### Legend:

$\dot{V}_{HW}$

$\dot{V}_{WQ}$

Temp<sub>WQ</sub>

Qh

Pe

COP

Δp<sub>HW</sub>

Δp<sub>WQ</sub>

CP

UK823200

Heating water flow rate

Heat source flow rate

Heat source temperature

Heating capacity

Power consumption

Coefficient of performance / efficiency rating

Free compression, heating circuit

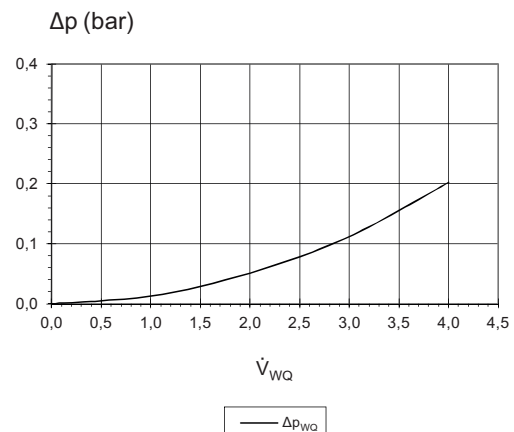
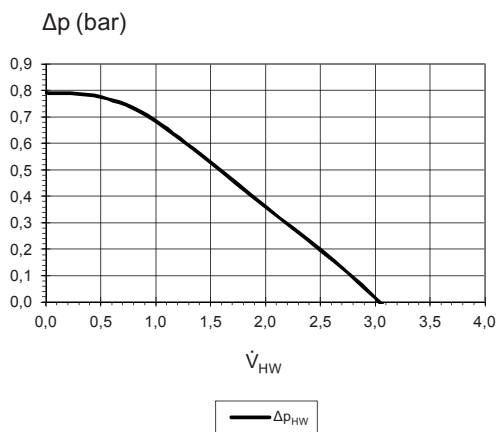
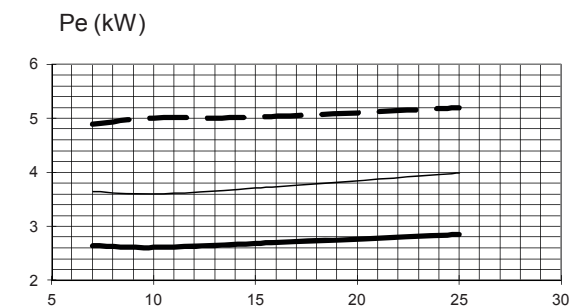
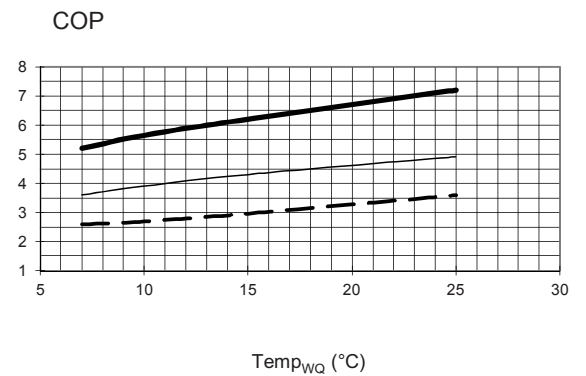
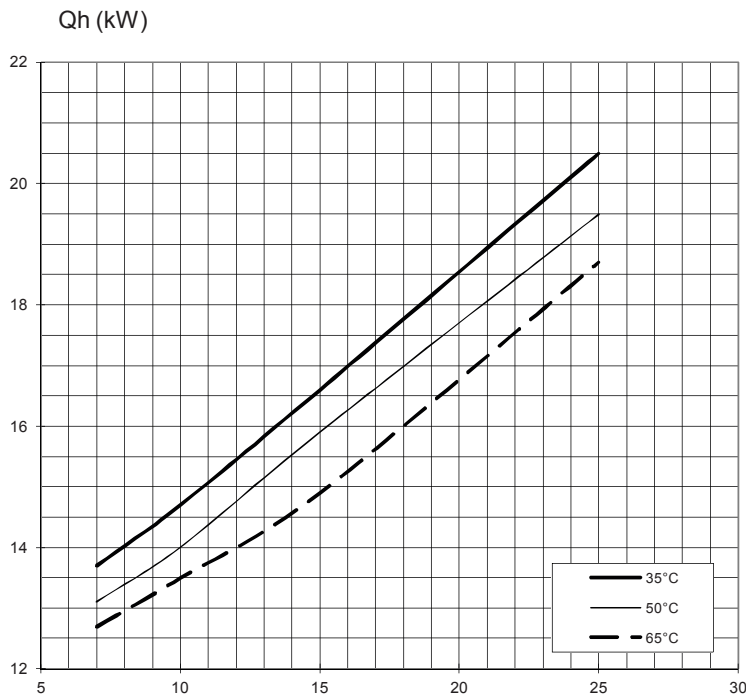
Heat source pressure loss

Compressor



# WWC 160H/X

## Performance curves



823203-a

### Legend:

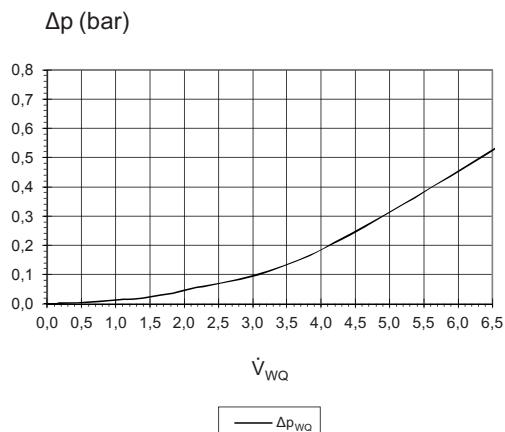
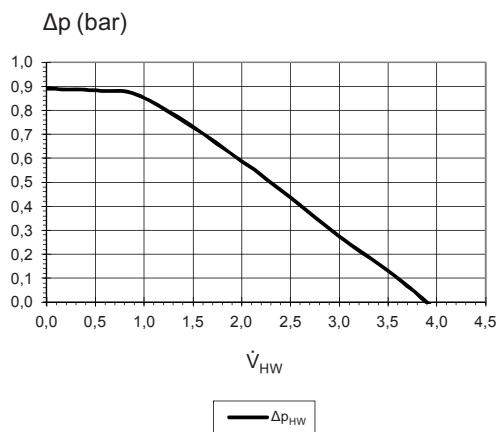
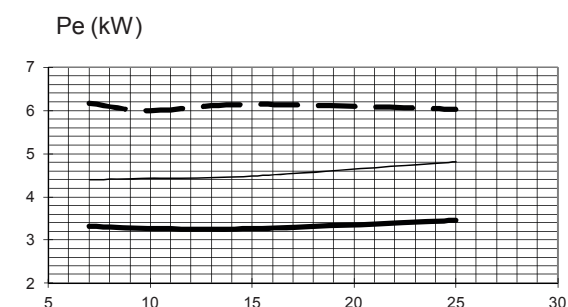
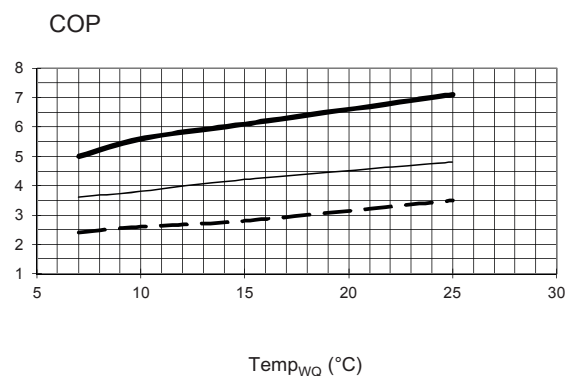
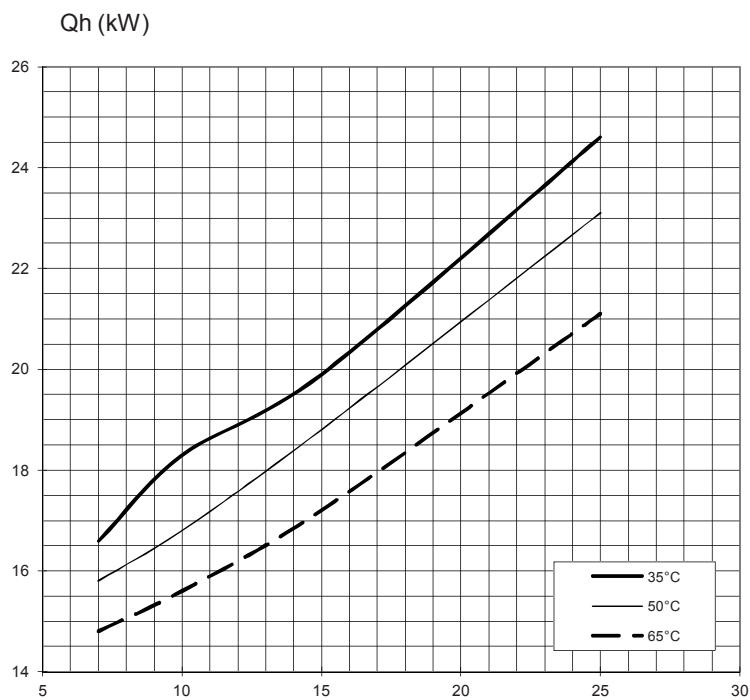
V <sub>HW</sub>	Heating water flow rate
V <sub>WQ</sub>	Heat source flow rate
Temp <sub>WQ</sub>	Heat source temperature
Qh	Heating capacity
Pe	Power consumption
COP	Coefficient of performance / efficiency rating
Δp <sub>HW</sub>	Free compression, heating circuit
Δp <sub>WQ</sub>	Heat source pressure loss
CP	Compressor

UK823200



# Performance curves

WWC 190H/X



823204-a

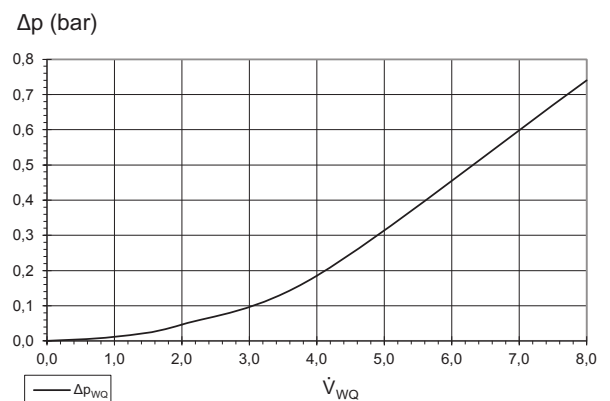
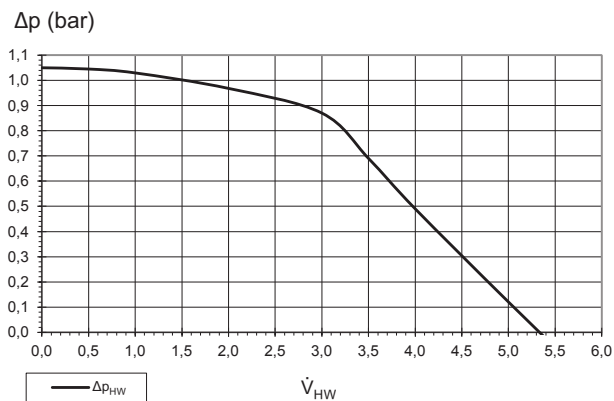
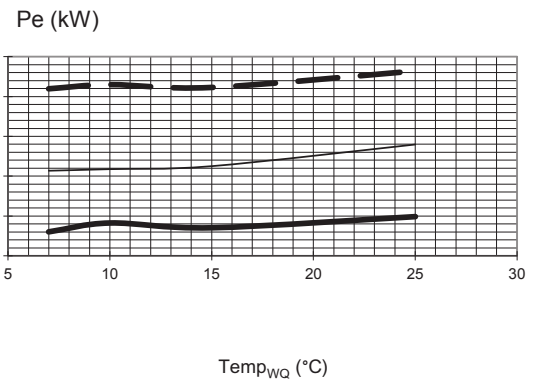
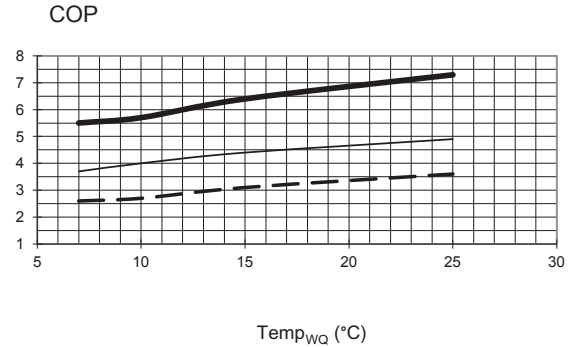
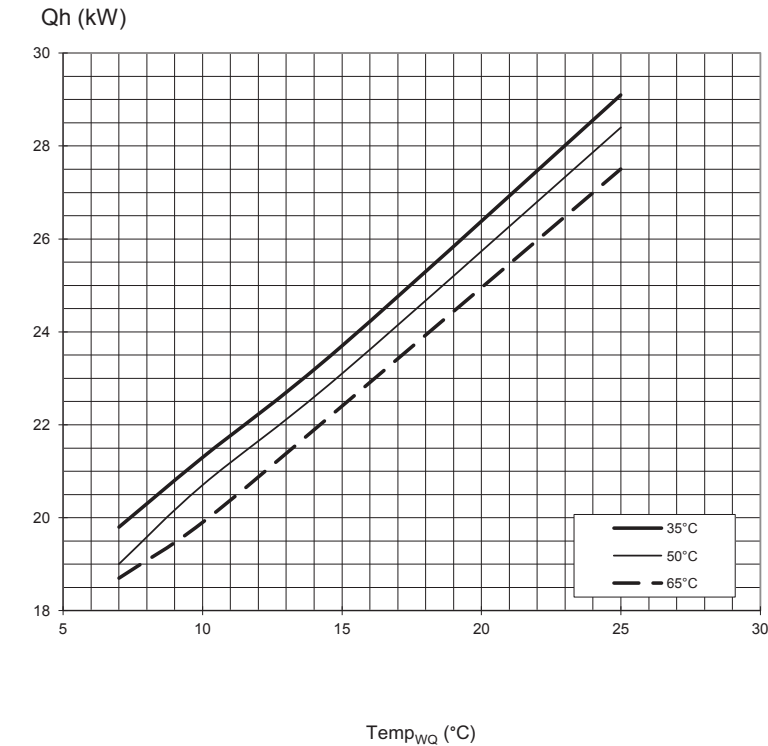
## Legend:

$\dot{V}_{HW}$	Heating water flow rate
$\dot{V}_{WQ}$	Heat source flow rate
Temp <sub>WQ</sub>	Heat source temperature
Qh	Heating capacity
Pe	Power consumption
COP	Coefficient of performance / efficiency rating
Δp <sub>HW</sub>	Free compression, heating circuit
Δp <sub>WQ</sub>	Heat source pressure loss
CP	Compressor



# WWC 220H/X

## Performance curves



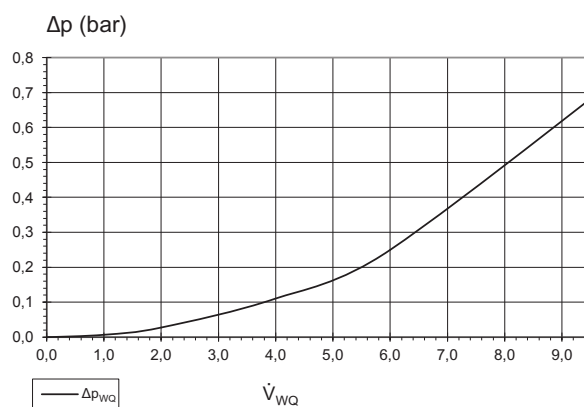
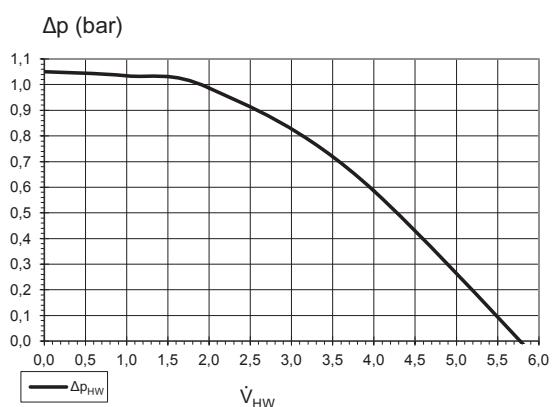
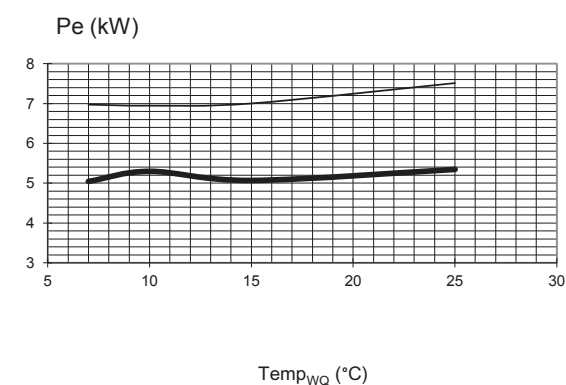
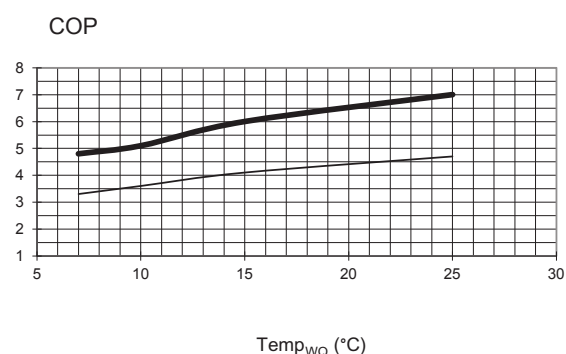
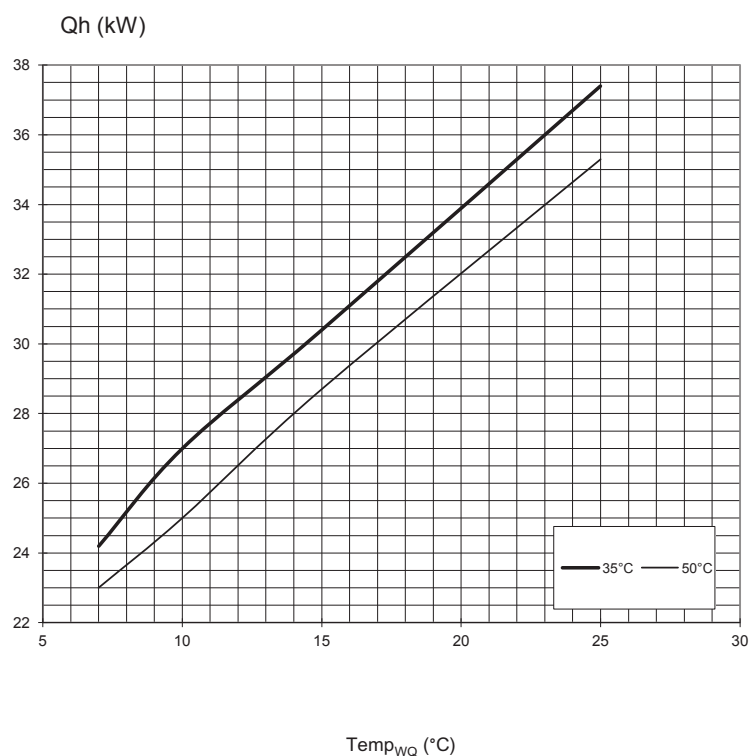
823205a

Legend:	UK823200
V <sub>HW</sub>	Heating water flow rate
V <sub>WQ</sub>	Heat source flow rate
Temp <sub>WQ</sub>	Heat source temperature
Q <sub>h</sub>	Heating capacity
Pe	Power consumption
COP	Coefficient of performance / efficiency rating
Δp <sub>HW</sub>	Free compression, heating circuit
Δp <sub>WQ</sub>	Heat source pressure loss
CP	Compressor



## Performance curves

WWC 280X



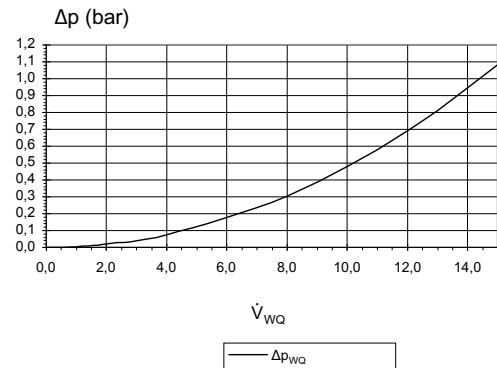
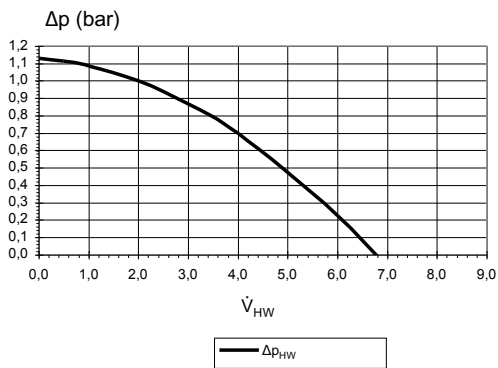
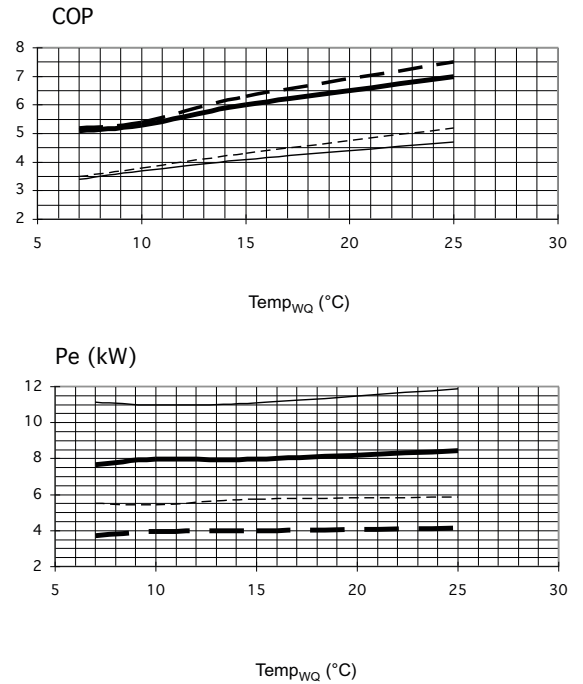
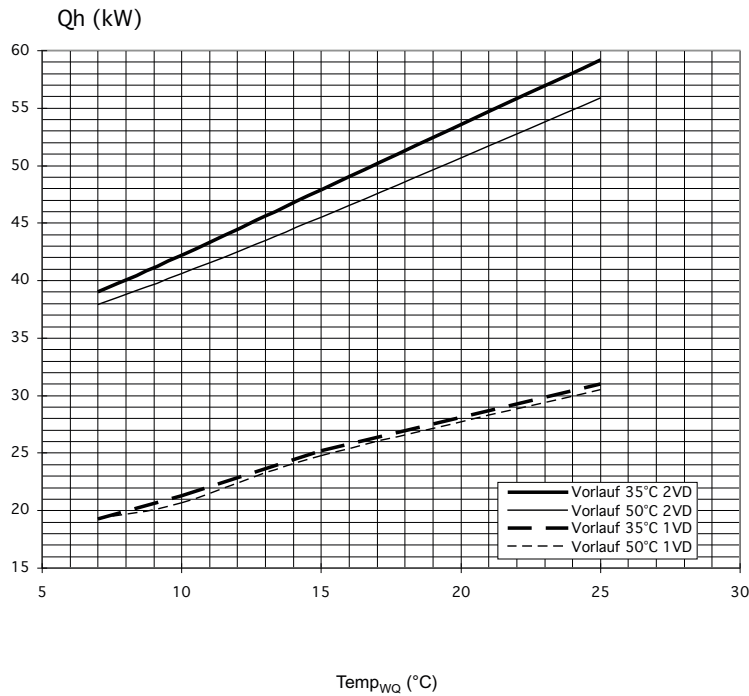
823206a

Legend:	UK823200
$\dot{V}_{HW}$	Heating water flow rate
$\dot{V}_{WQ}$	Heat source flow rate
Temp <sub>WQ</sub>	Heat source temperature
Qh	Heating capacity
Pe	Power consumption
COP	Coefficient of performance / efficiency rating
Δp <sub>HW</sub>	Free compression, heating circuit
Δp <sub>WQ</sub>	Heat source pressure loss
CP	Compressor



# WWC 440X

## Performance curves



823207

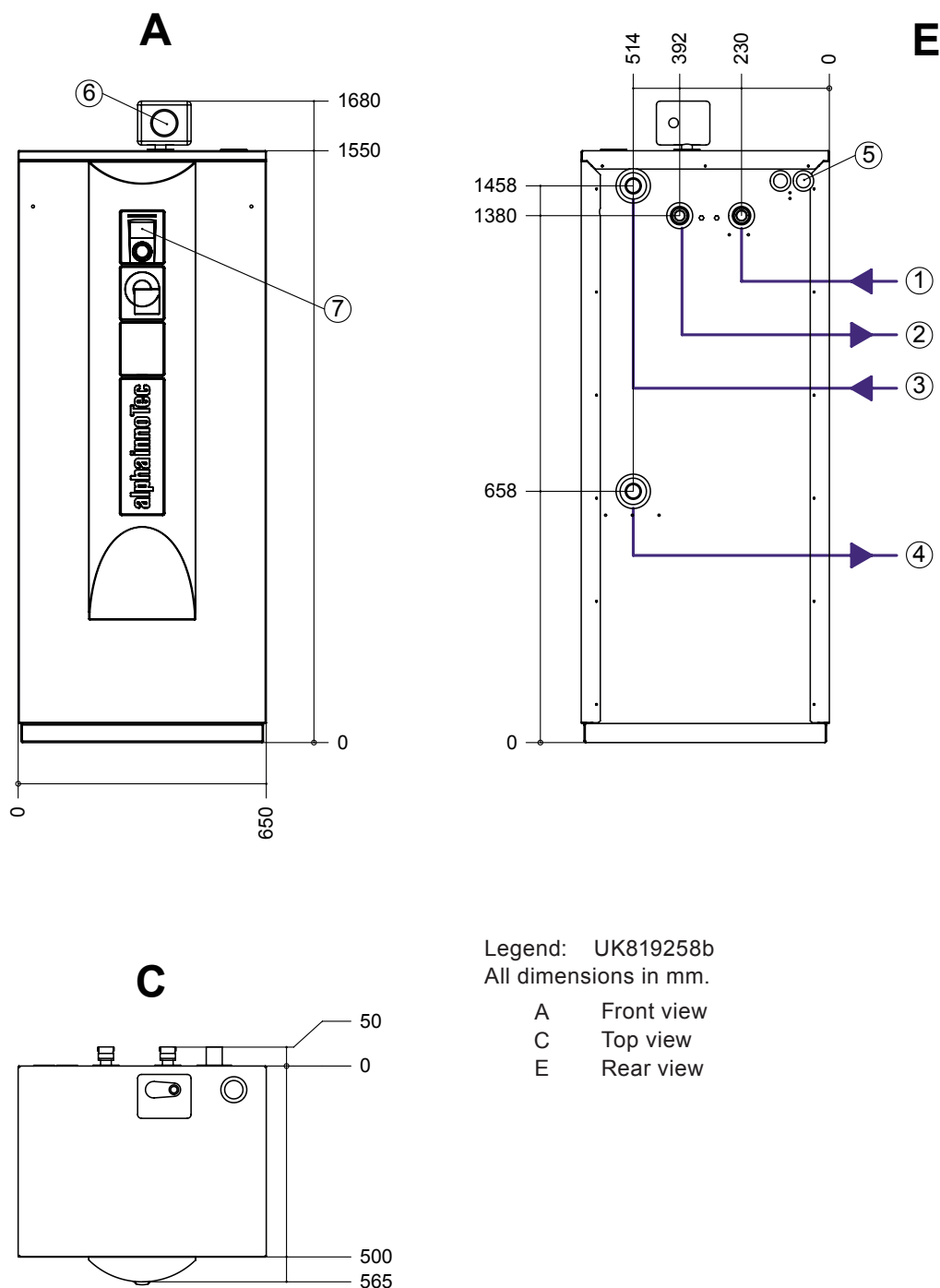
Legend:	UK823200
$\dot{V}_{HW}$	Heating water flow rate
$\dot{V}_{WQ}$	Heat source flow rate
Temp <sub>WQ</sub>	Heat source temperature
Q <sub>h</sub>	Heating capacity
Pe	Power consumption
COP	Coefficient of performance / efficiency rating
Δp <sub>HW</sub>	Free compression, heating circuit
Δp <sub>WQ</sub>	Heat source pressure loss
CP	Compressor





## Dimensional drawings

## WWC 100H/X – WWC 220H/X



Legend: UK819258b  
All dimensions in mm.

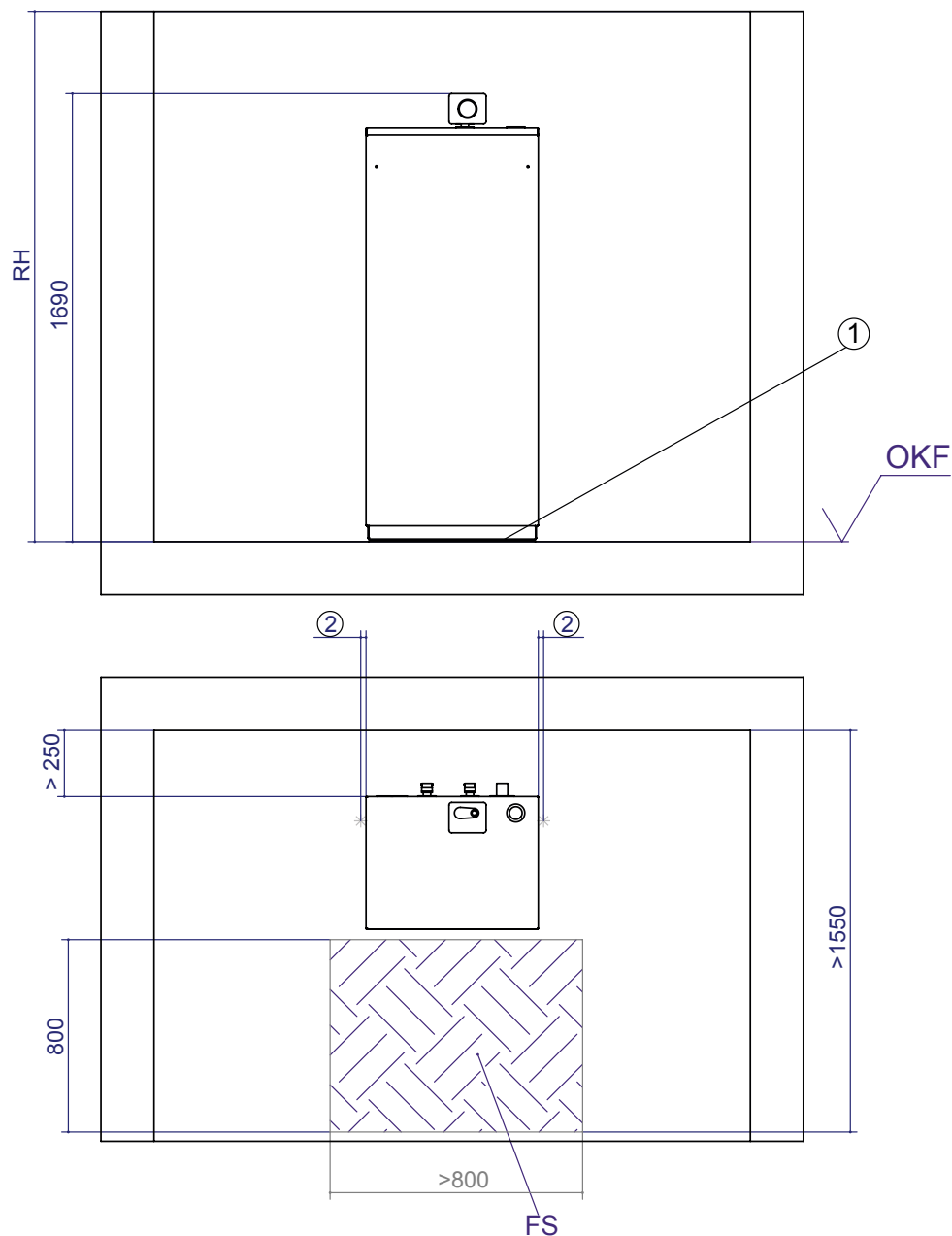
A Front view  
C Top view  
E Rear view

Item	Designation	Dim.
1	Heating water inlet (return); flat seat	G 1 1/4"
2	Heating water outlet (flow); flat seat	G 1 1/4"
3	Heat source inlet at the unit; flat seat	G 1 1/4"
4	Heat source outlet at the unit; flat seat	G 1 1/4"
5	Penetration for electric/sensor cables	---
6	Safety assembly (in extra box)	---
7	Control panel (in extra box)	---



# WWC 100H/X – WWC 220H/X

## Installation plan



Legend: UK819260a  
All dimensions in mm.

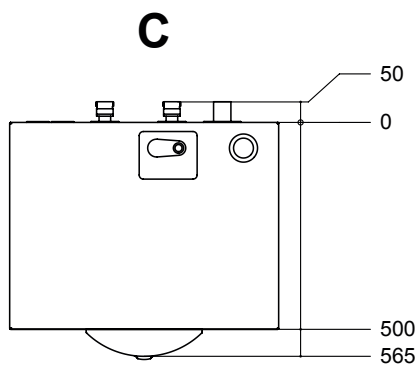
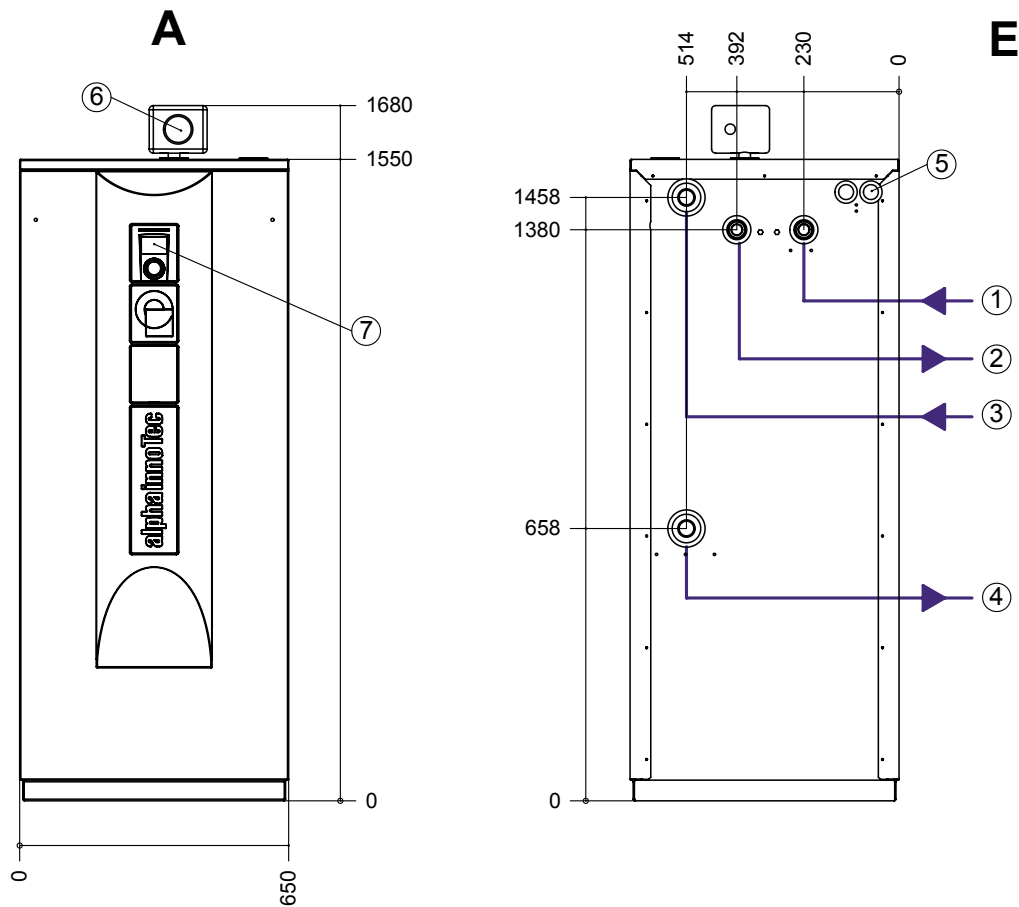
RH Minimum room height 2000  
OKF Finished floor level  
FS Shaded area = free space for service purposes

1 Unit installation on Sylomer strips (in extra box)  
2 20 Distance to next object



## Dimensional drawings

WWC 280X



Legend: UK819258b  
All dimensions in mm.

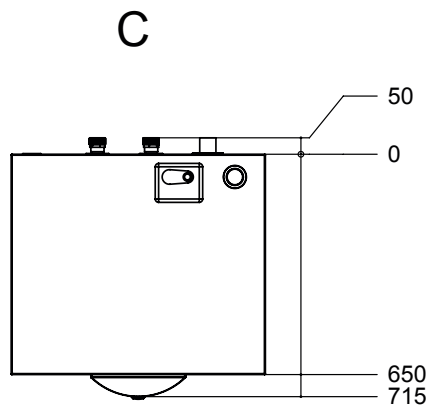
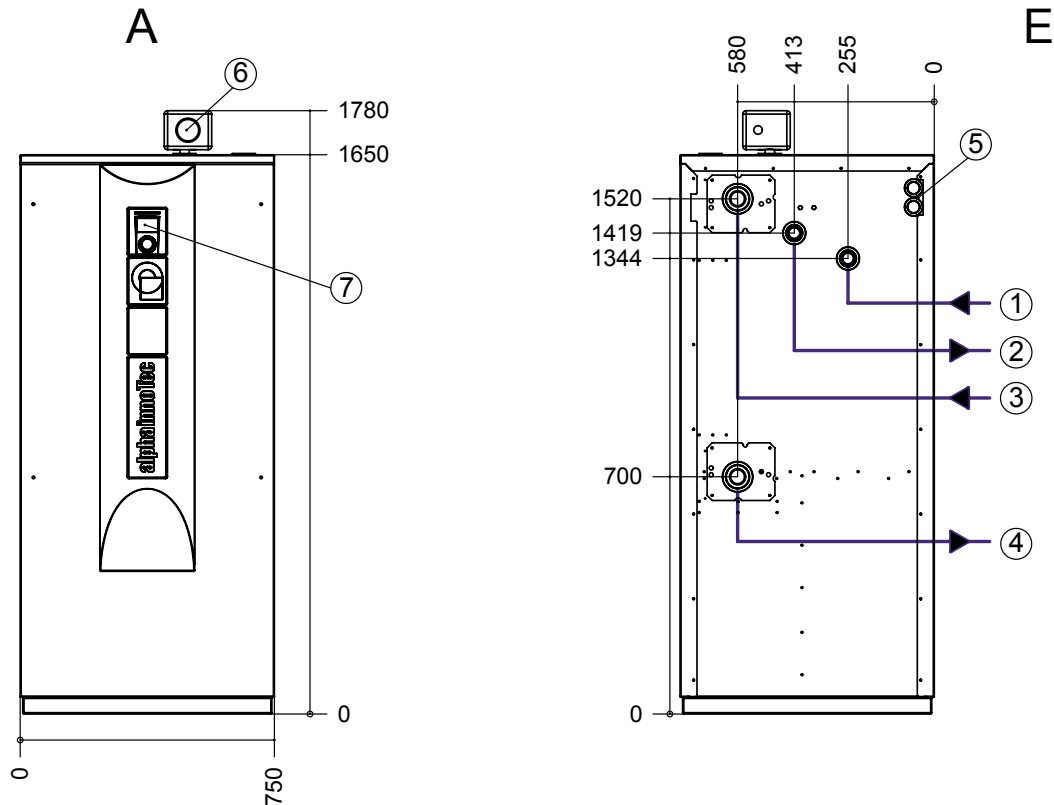
A Front view  
C Top view  
E Rear view

Item	Designation	Dim.
1	Heating water inlet (return); flat seat	G 1 1/4"
2	Heating water outlet (flow); flat seat	G 1 1/4"
3	Heat source inlet at the unit; flat seat	G 1 1/4"
4	Heat source outlet at the unit; flat seat	G 1 1/4"
5	Penetration for electric/sensor cables	---
6	Safety assembly (in extra box)	---
7	Control panel (in extra box)	---



# WWC 440X

## Dimensional drawings



Legend: UK819258b  
All dimensions in mm.

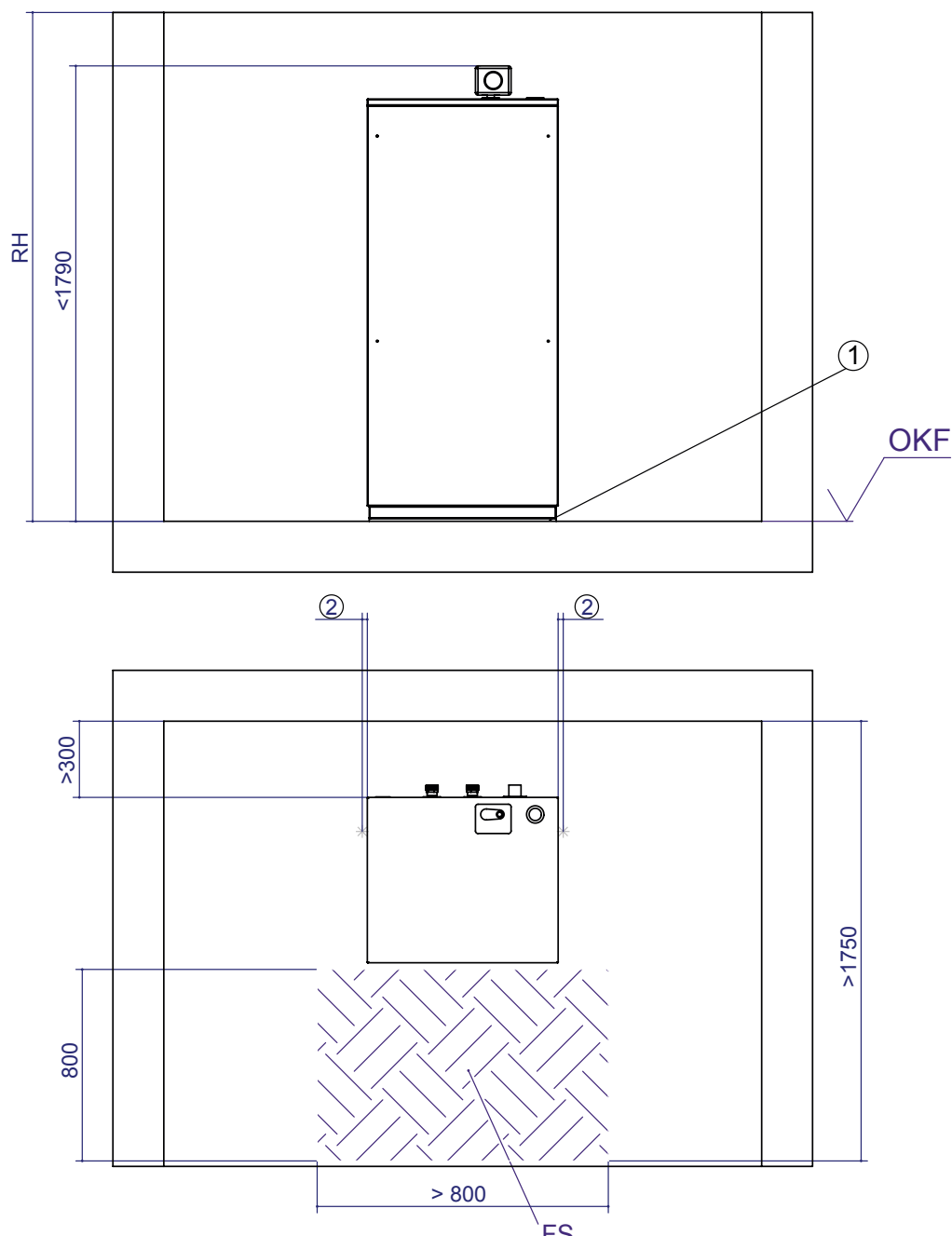
- A Front view
- C Top view
- E Rear view

Item	Designation	Dim.
1	Heating water inlet (return); flat seat	G 1 1/4"
2	Heating water outlet (flow); flat seat	G 1 1/4"
3	Heat source inlet at the unit; flat seat	G 1 1/4"
4	Heat source outlet at the unit; flat seat	G 1 1/4"
5	Penetration for electric/sensor cables	---
6	Safety assembly (in extra box)	---
7	Control panel (in extra box)	---



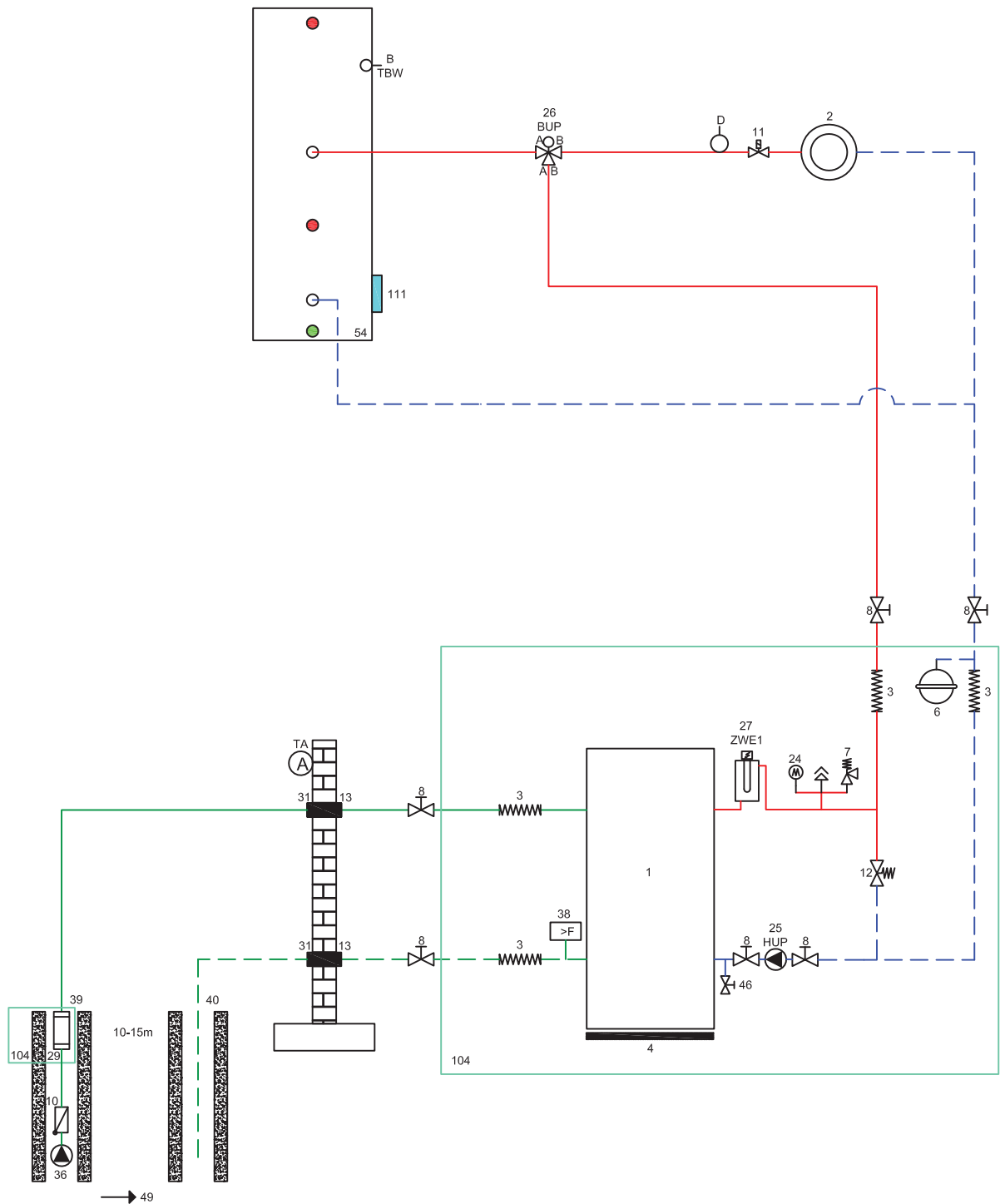
## Installation plan

WWC 280X – WWC 440X



Legend: UK819260a  
All dimensions in mm.

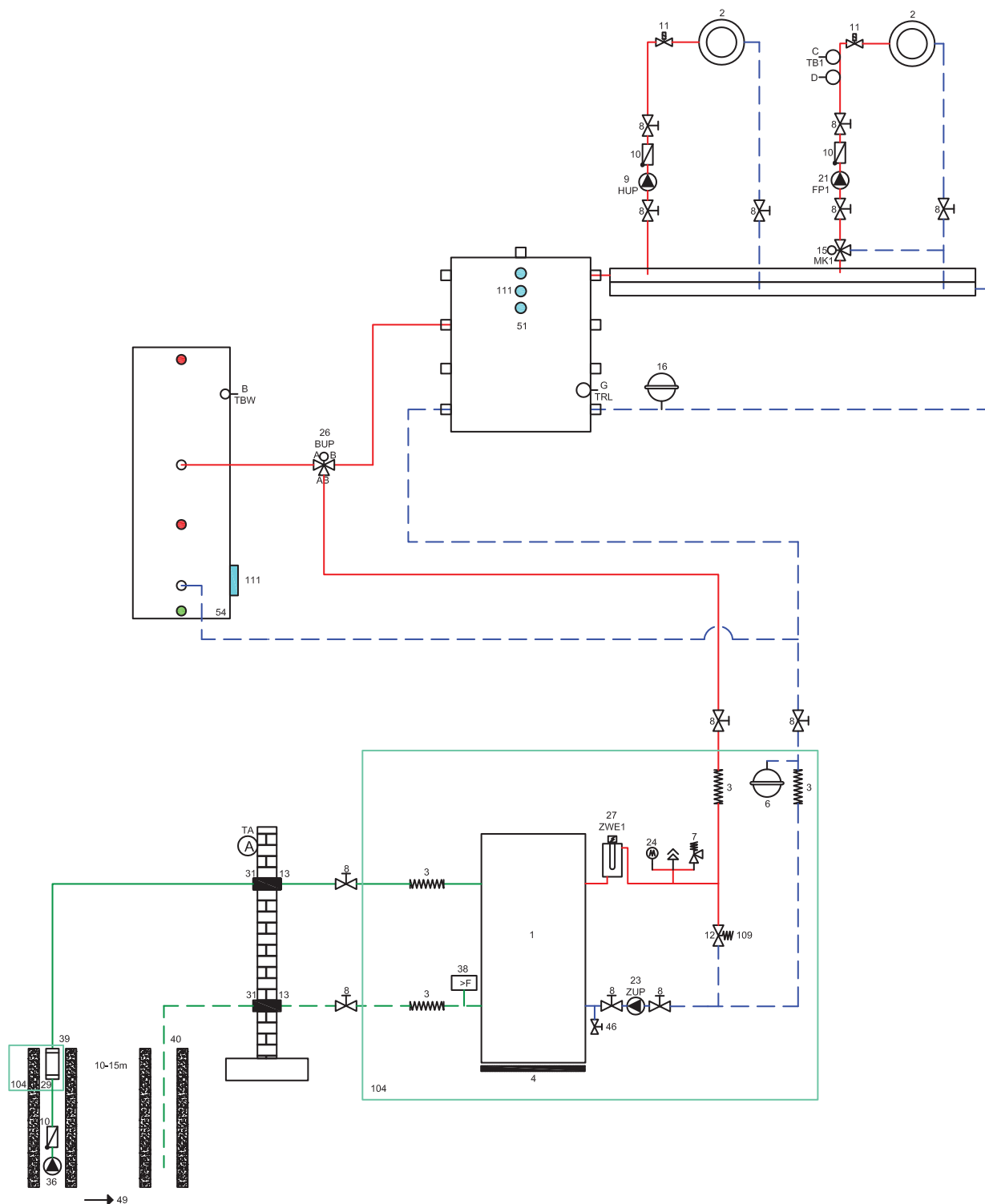
- |     |  |
|-----|--|
| RH  | Minimum room height 2000                           |
| OKF | Finished floor level                               |
| FS  | Shaded area = free space for service purposes      |
| 1   | Unit installation on Sylomer strips (in extra box) |
| 2   | 20 Distance to next object                         |





## Separate buffer tank

## WWC 100H/X – WWC 220H/X

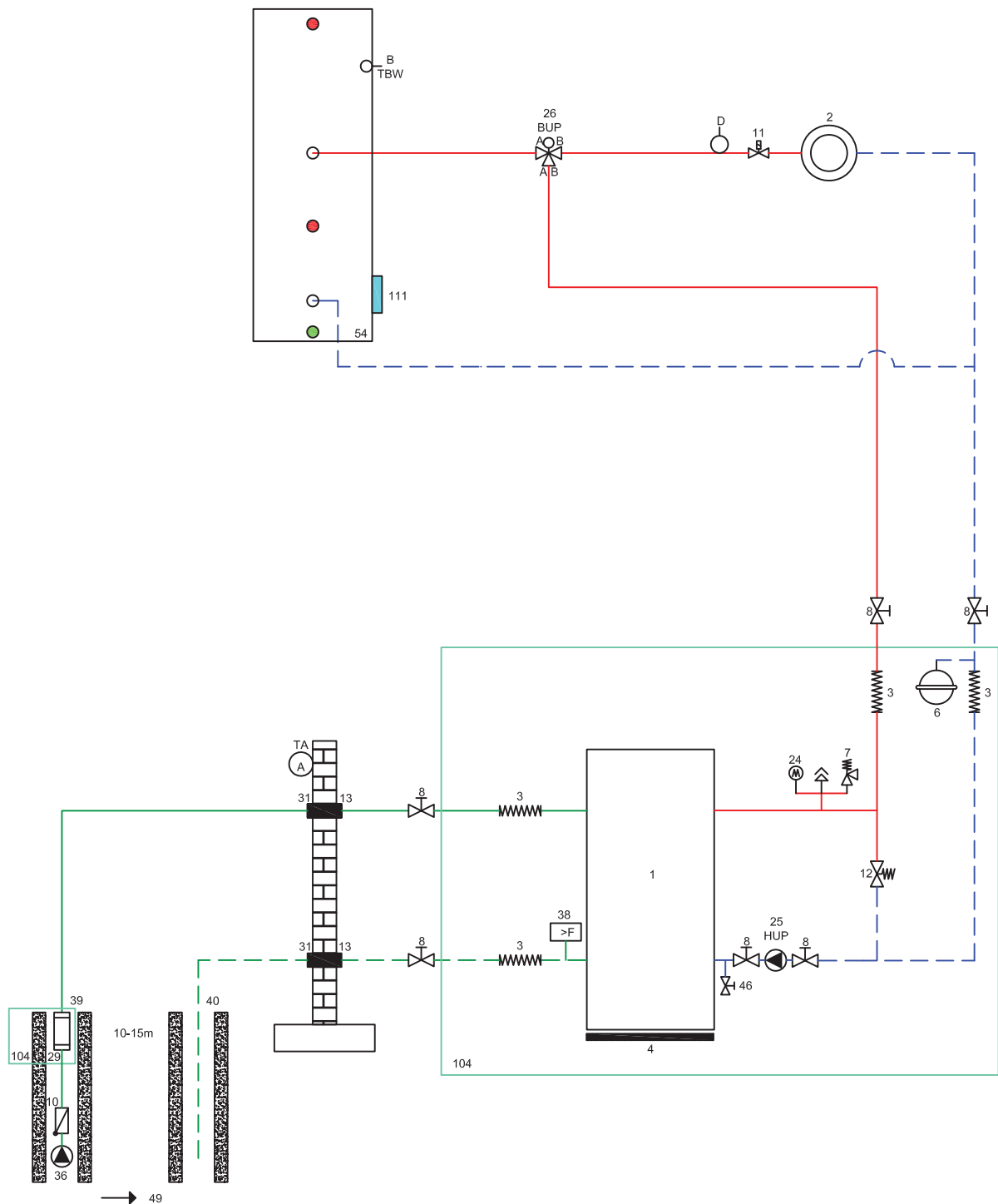






# WWC 280X – WWC 440X

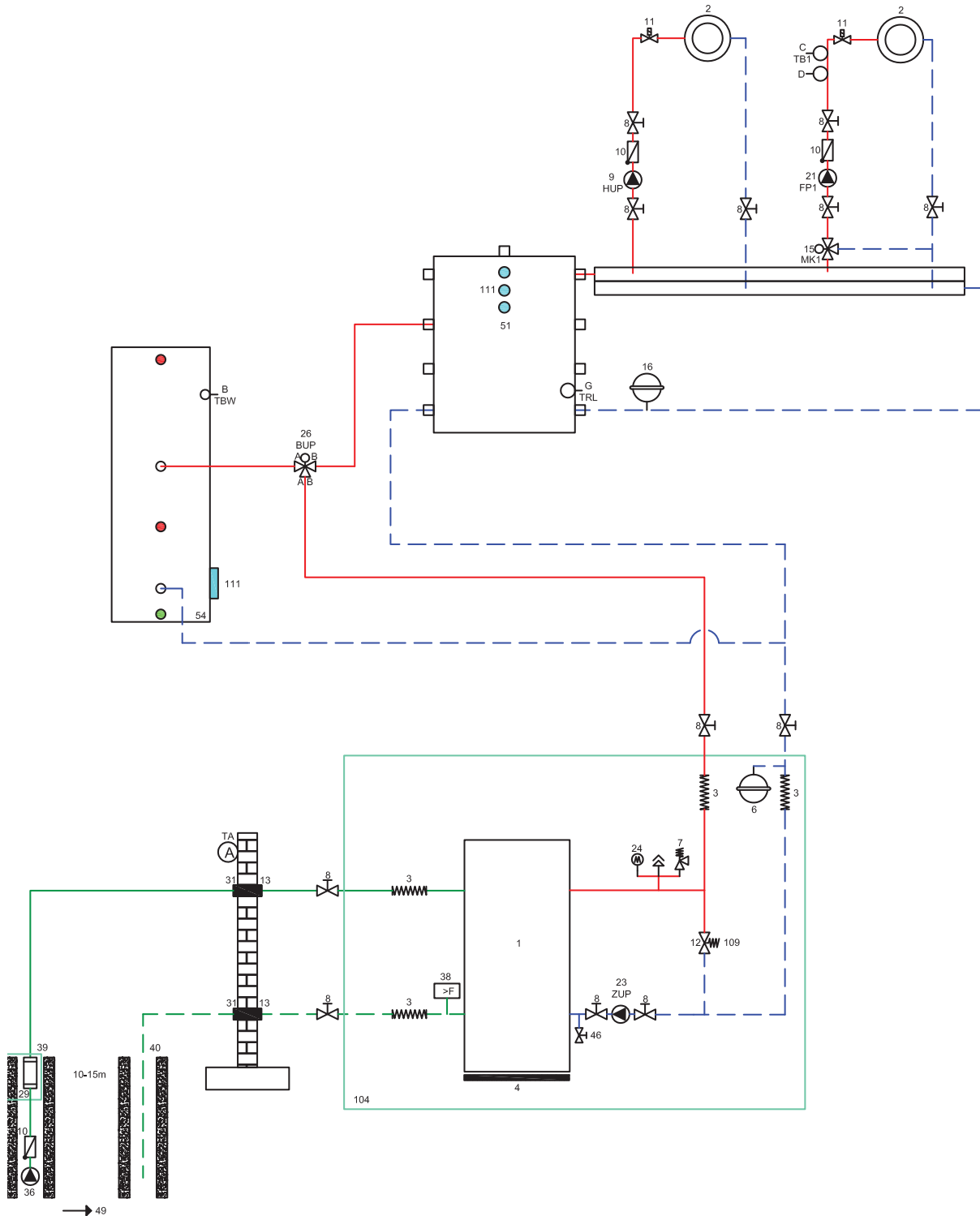
Default





## Separate buffer tank

## WWC 280X – WWC 440X



Legend hydraulic diagramm

1	Heat pump	51	Seperation tank
2	Underfloor heating / radiators	52	Gas- or oil-boiler
3	Vibration isolation	53	Wood boiler
4	Sylomer strip machine underlay	54	Hot water cylinder
5	Closure and drainage	55	Brine pressure switch
6	Expansion vessel packing list	56	Swimming pool heat exchanger
7	Safety valve	57	Geothermal heat exchanger
8	Closure	58	Ventilation system
9	Heating circulation pump	59	Plate heat exchanger
10	Non return valve/ one way valve	61	Cooling cylinder
11	Individual room regulation	65	Compact distributor
12	Overflow valve	66	Fancoils
13	Steamtight insulation	67	Solar/ service water cylinder
14	Service water circulation pump	68	Solar/ service water cylinder
15	Mixer circuit three-way mixer (MK1 discharge)	69	Multifunction tank
16	Expansion vessel supplied by customer	71	Dual hydraulic module
18	Heating rod (heating)	72	Buffer tank wall mounted
19	Mixer circuit four-way mixer (MK1 charge)	73	Pipe lead-in
20	Heating rod (SW)	74	Venttower
21	Mixer circuit circulation pump (FP1)	75	Scope of delivery, hydraulic tower, dual
23	Feed circulating pump (reconnect the integrated circulating pump in the heat pump)	76	Fresh water station
24	Manifold	77	Scope of supply water/water booster
25	Heating circulation pump	78	Accessories water/water booster optional
26	Switching valve (heating/service water)(B = normally open)		
27	Heating element		
28	Brine circulation pump		
29	Dirt-trap 0.6 mm mesh		
30	Spill-tray for brine mix		
31	Wall breakthrough		
32	Inlet pipe		
33	Brine manifold		
34	Ground collector		
35	Ground slinkies		
36	Groundwater spring pump		
37	Wall bracket		
38	Flow switch		
39	Suction well		
40	Inverted well		
41	Rinse fitting heating circuit		
42	Circulation pump		
43	Brine / Water heat exchanger (cooling function)		
44	Three-way mixer valve (cooling function MK1)		
45	Cap valve		
46	Filler and drainage valve		
48	Domestic hot water charging pump		
49	Direction of groundwater flow		
50	Buffer storage		

TAV	External sensor
TBW/B	Domestic hot water sensor
TB1/C	Feedwater sensor mixer circuits 1
D	Floor temperature limiter
TRL/G	Sensor external return
STA	Line pressure regulator valve
TRL/H	Sensor return (hydraulic module, dual)
79	Motor valve
80	Mixing valve
81	Split heat pump outdoor unit
82	Split heat pump indoor unit
83	Circulation pump
84	Switching valve
113	Connection 2nd heat generator
BT1	Outdoor temperature sensor
BT2	Flow temperature sensor
BT3	Return temperature sensor
BT6	Domestic hot water temperature sensor
BT12	Flow temperature liquefier
BT19	Temperature sensor immersion heater
BT24	Temperature sensor 2nd heat generator

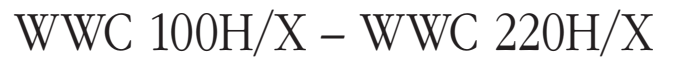
Comfort board:

15	Mixer circuit three-way mixer (MK2-3 discharge)
17	Temperature difference regulator
19	Mixer circuit four-way mixer (MK2 charge)
21	Mixer circuit circulation pump (FP2-3)
22	Swimming pool circulating pump
44	Three-way mixer valve (cooling function MK2)
47	Changeover valve swimming bath preparation(B = normally open)
60	Changeover valve cooling operation(B = normally open)
62	Heat meter (optional)
63	Changeover valve solar circuit(B = normally open)
64	Cooling circulation pump
70	Solar separation module
TB2-3/C	Feedwater sensor mixer circuits 2-3
TSS/E	Sensor, temperature difference control (low temperature)
TSK/E	Sensor, temperature difference control (high temperature)
TEE/F	Sensor external energy source
100	Room thermostat for cooling (optional)
101	Controls supplied by customer
102	Dew-point monitor (optional)
103	Room thermostat for reference space in packing list
104	Supply heat pump
105	Cooling circuit module box removeable for installation
106	Specific glycole mixture
107	Scald protection / thermostatic mixer valve
108	Solar pump assembly
109	Overflow valve must be closed
110	Packing list hydraulic tower
111	Mounting for additional heating element
112	Minimum distance to thermal decoupling of the mixing valve

Important notice !

These hydraulic diagrams are schematic representations and are for assistance only. They do not relieve of the obligation to carry out appropriate planning! They do not include all necessary shut-off valves, ventilator fittings or safety devices. These must be incorporated in accordance with the standards and regulations applicable to the respective installation. All country-specific standards, laws and regulations must be observed! The tubes have to be dimensioned according to the nominal volume flow of the heat pump resp. the free pressing of the integrated circulating pump. For detailed information and advice please contact our local sales partner!

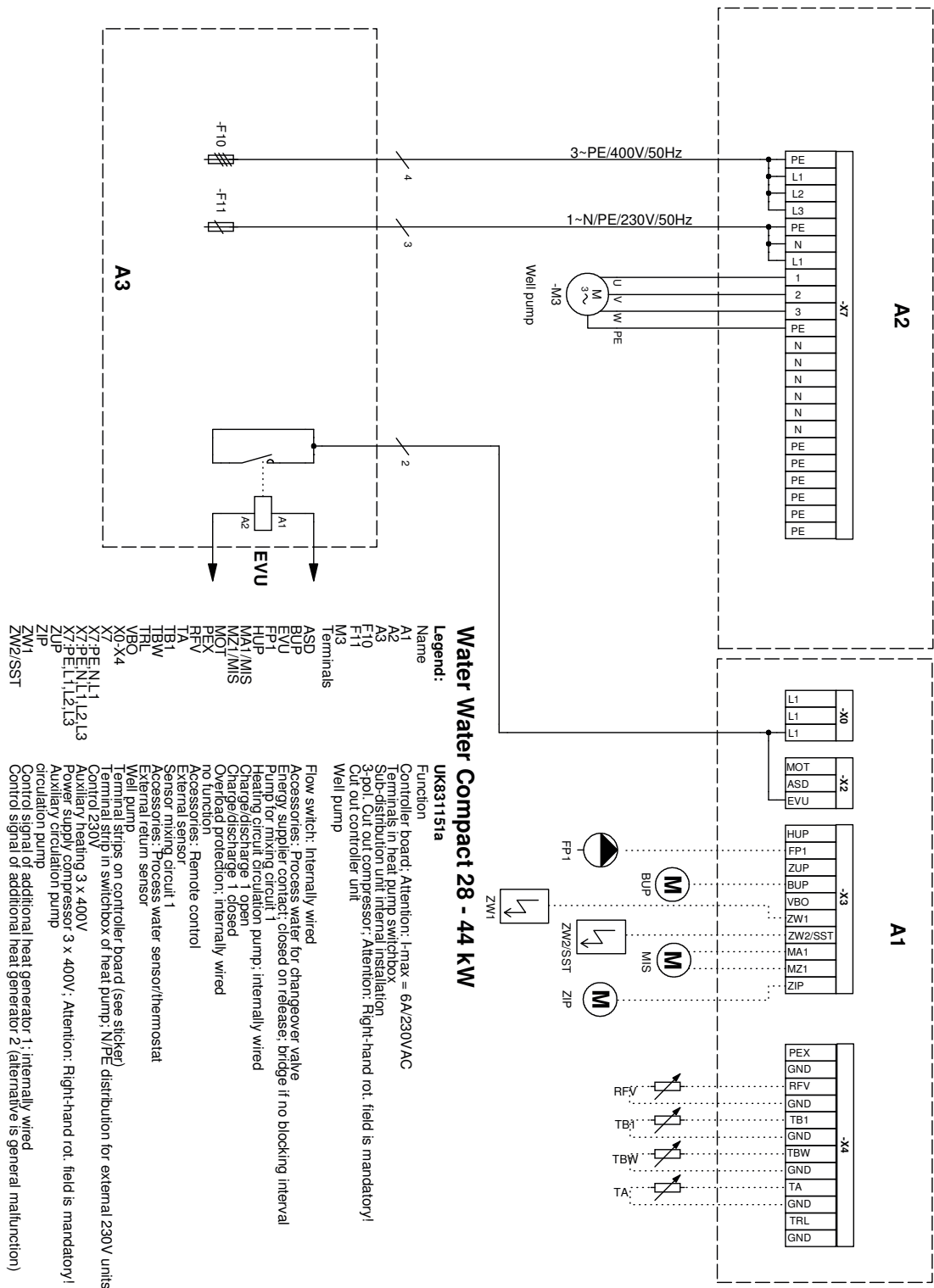






# WWC 280X – WWC 440X

## Terminal diagram



[illegible]



Circuit diagram 2/3







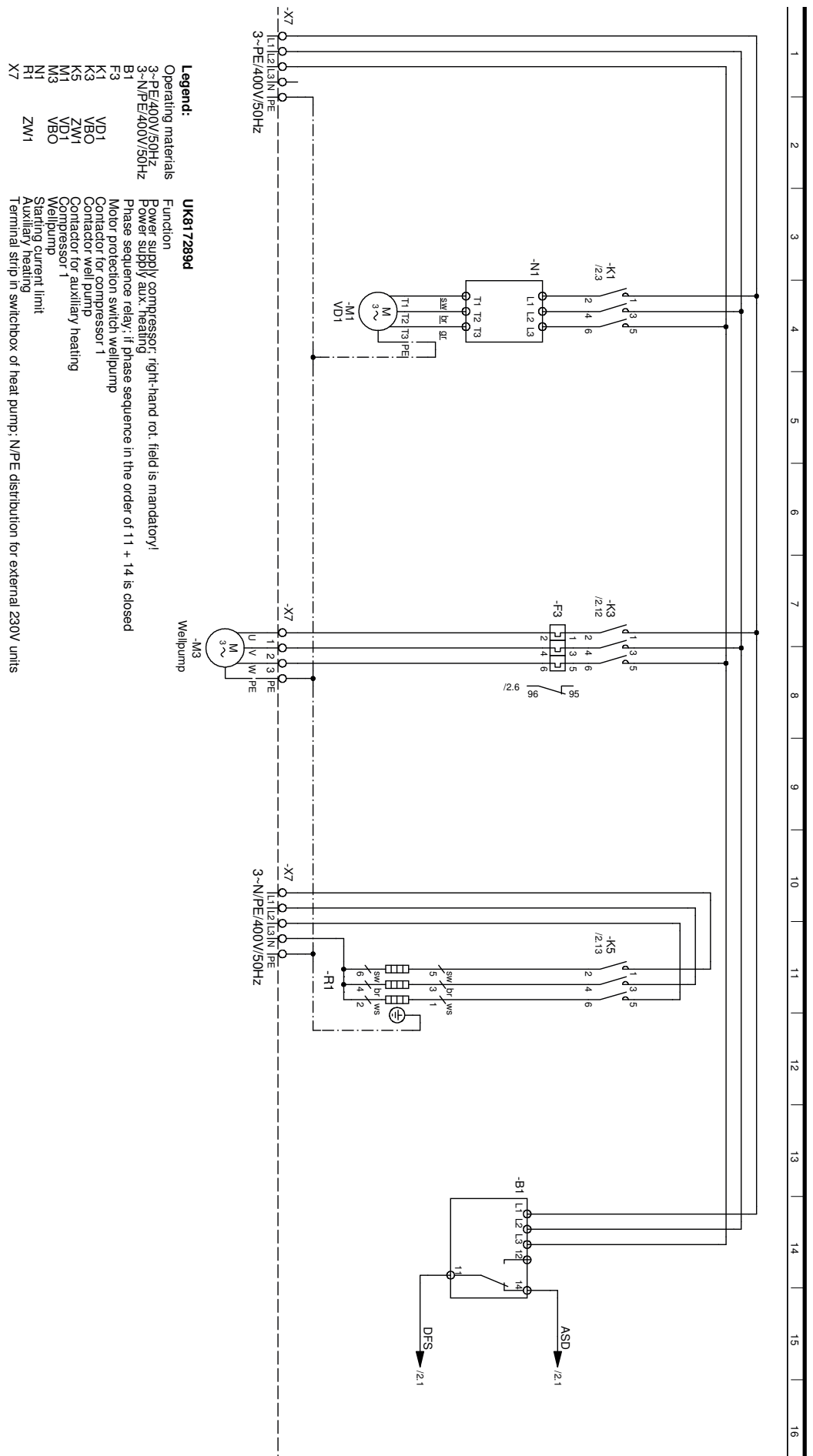
Legend:	UK61728BC
Operating materials	Function
A1	Controller board, Attention: I <sub>max</sub> = 6A/230VAC
A6	Comfort board, installed in the Energy Efficiency option
Alin	Analogue input
AO1	Analogue output 1
AO2	Analogue output 2
B2	Flow Sensor, installed in the Energy Efficiency option
R4	Return sensor
R5	Flow sensor
R6	Hot gas sensor
R7	Heat source input sensor
R8	External sensor
R9	Domestic hot water sensor
R10	Accessories, remote control
R11	Heat source input sensor 380 Ohm
R12	Heat source input sensor 380 Ohm
R13	Sensor, mixing circuit 1, installed with cooling option
R4	Accessories, Process water for thermostat
BWT	

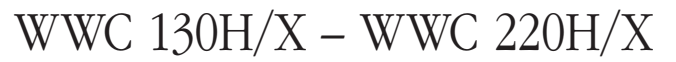




# WWC 130H/X – 220H/X

## Circuit diagram 1/3





**230VAC**

**1~N/PE/230V/50Hz**

**Legend:**

Operating materials

1~N/PE/230V/50Hz

**UK6172894**

Function

Controller supply

Energy supplier board: Attention: I<sub>max</sub> = 6A/230VAC

High-pressure switch

Low-pressure switch

Motor protection switch wellpump

Flow rate switch

Contactor for compressor 1

Contactor well pump

Contactor for auxiliary heating

Heating pump: not required in the Energy Efficiency option

Heating pump energy efficiency: installed in the Energy Efficiency option

Mixer: installed with cooling option

Safety: temperature limiter heating element

Terminal strip in switchbox of heat pump; N/PE distribution for external 230V units

Accessories: Process water for changeover valve

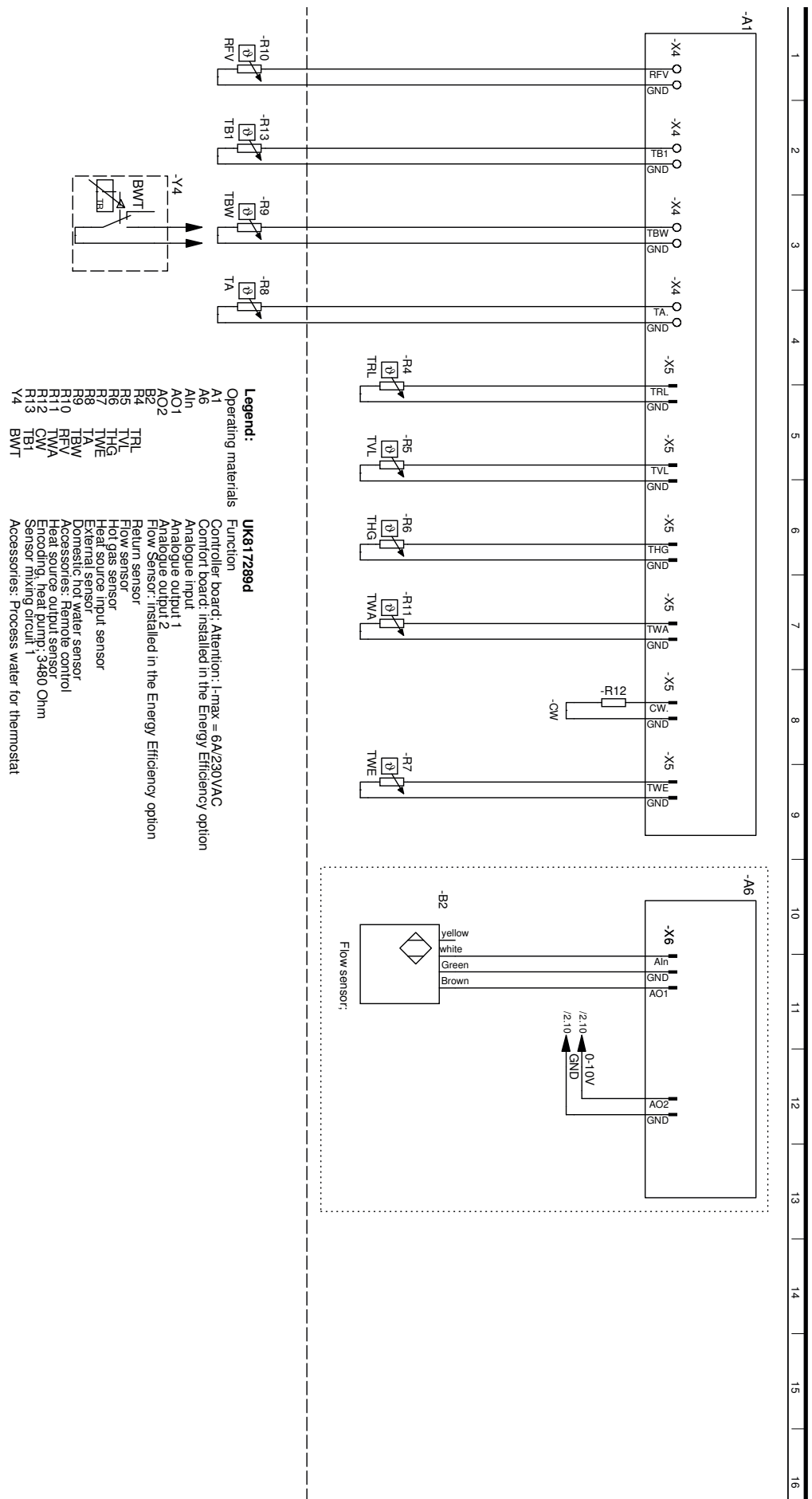
**Components:**

- A1
- A2
- A3
- A4
- A5
- A6
- A7
- A8
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- A98
- A99
- A100



# WWC 130H/X – 220H/X

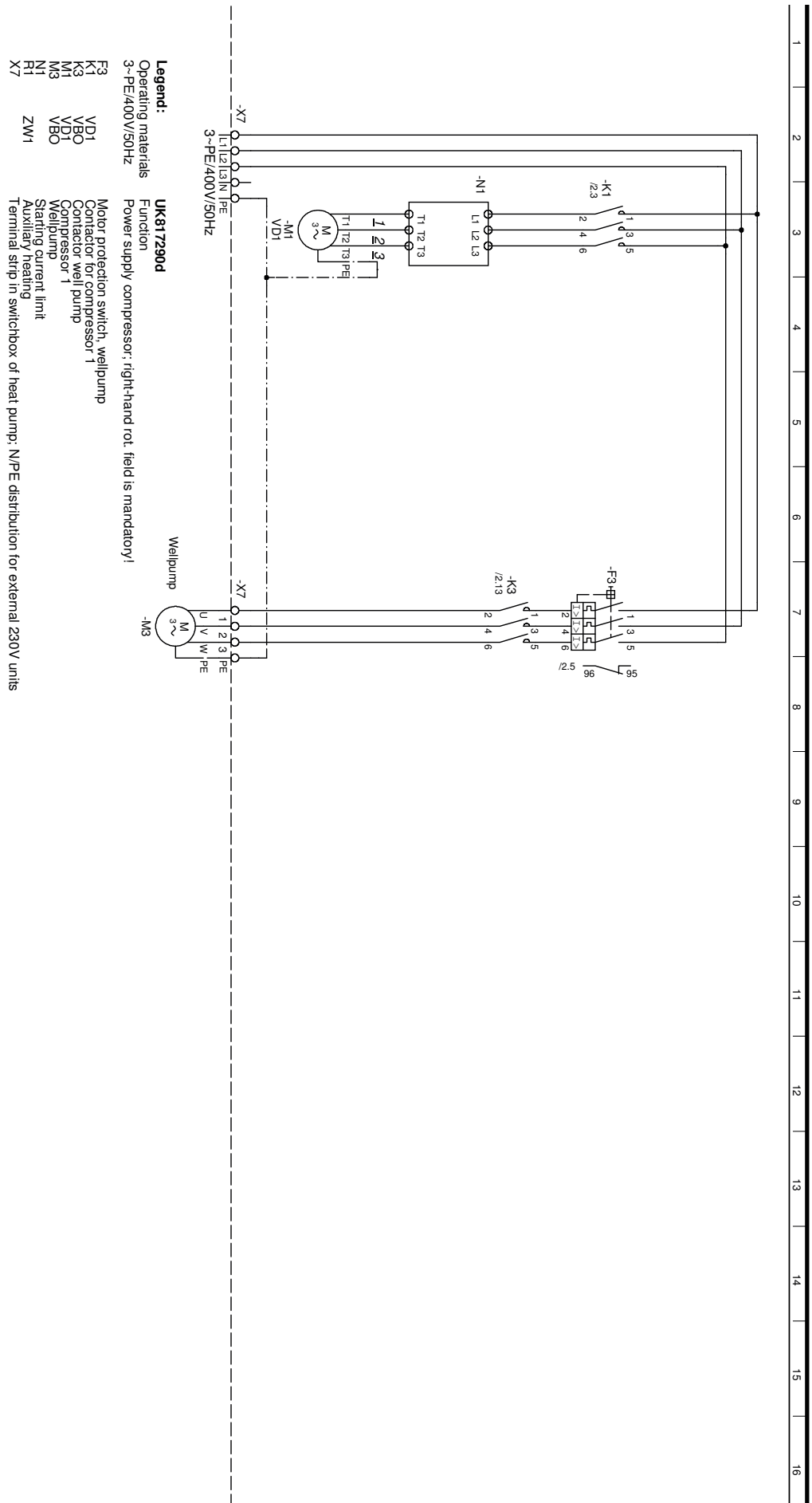
## Circuit diagram 3/3





# Circuit diagram 1/3

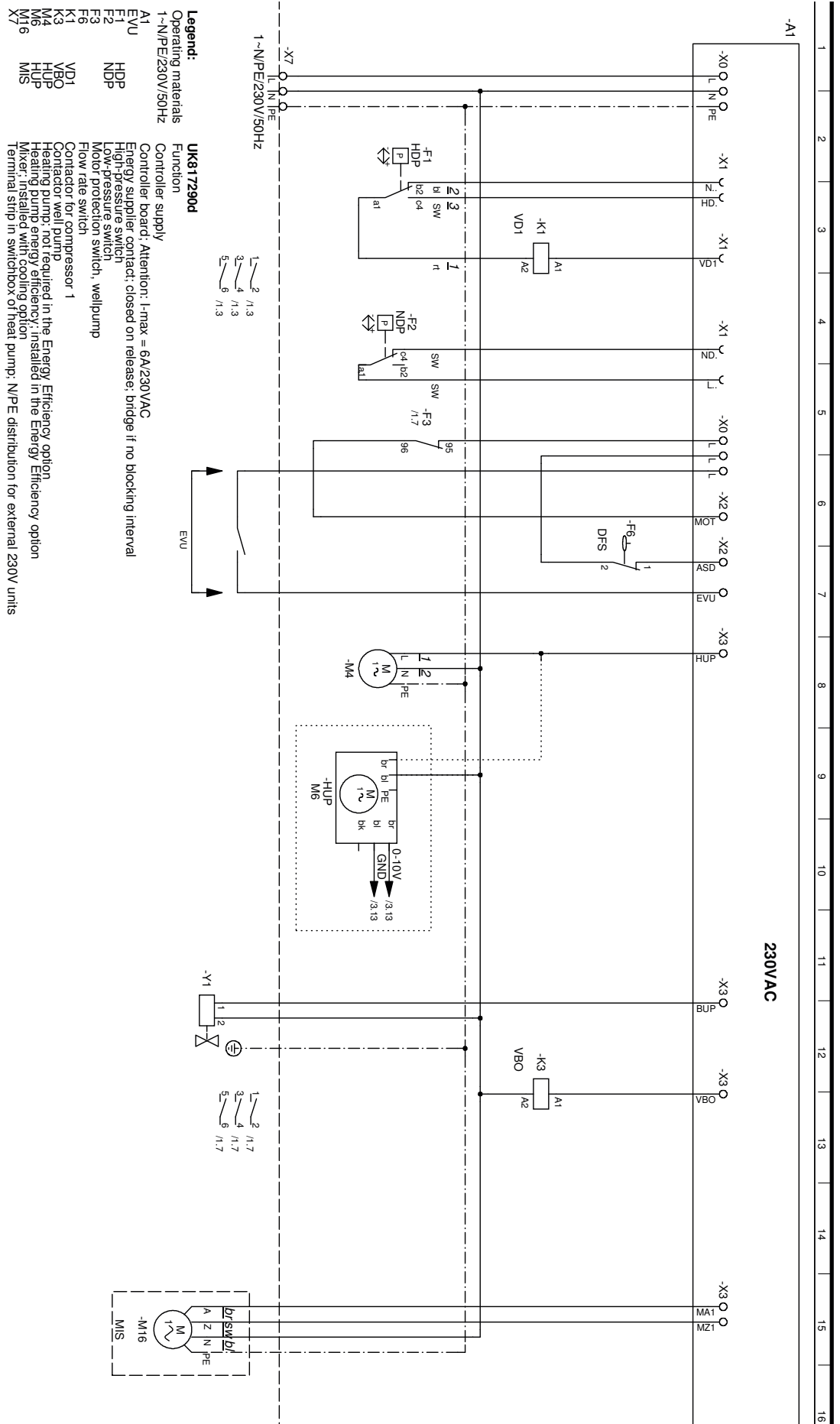
WWC 280X





# WWC 280X

## Circuit diagram 2/3





Subject to change without notice | 83050700fUK – Translation into English of the original German operating manual | ait-deutschland GmbH

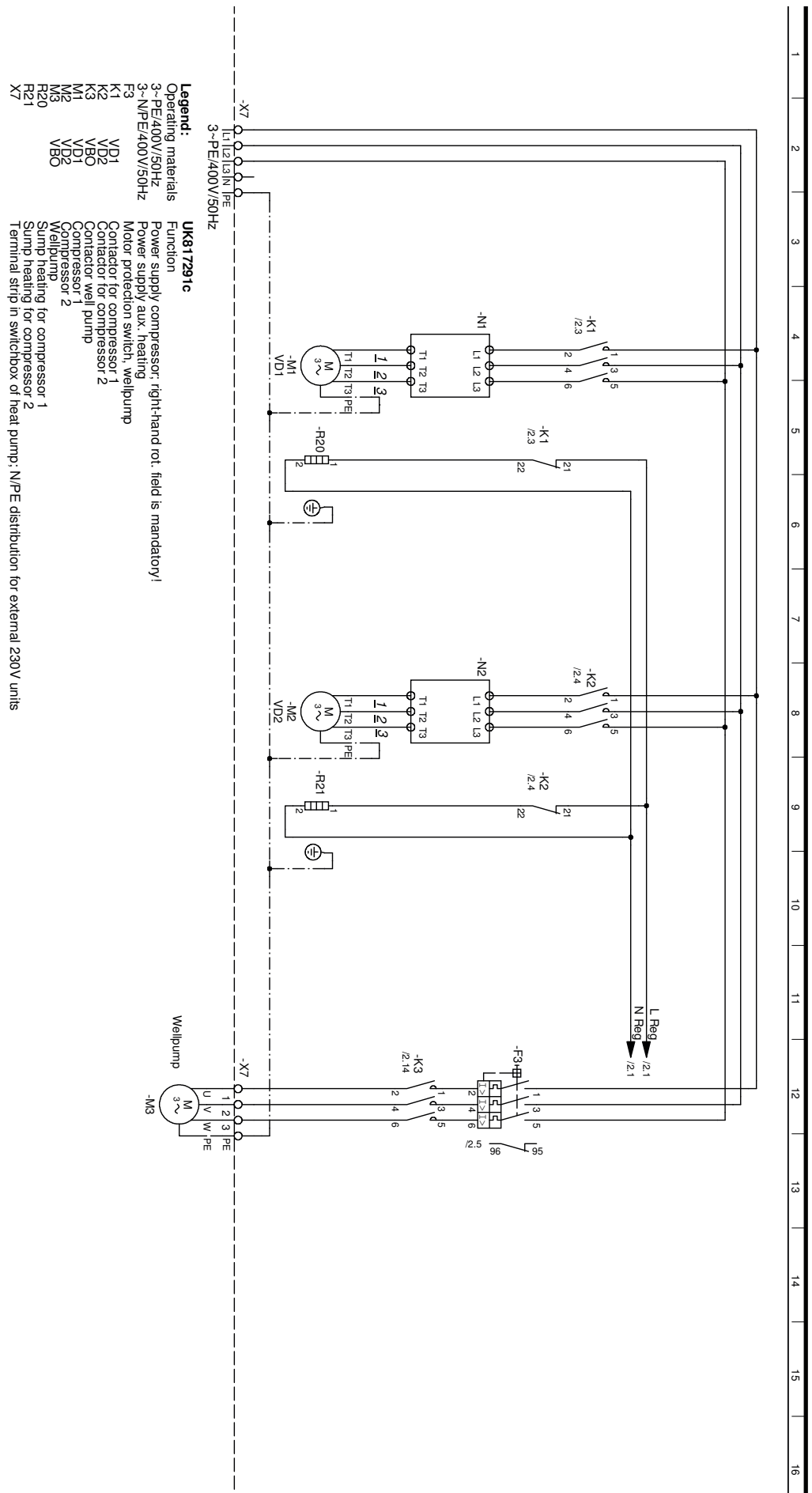






# WWC 440X

## Circuit diagram 1/3





**230VAC**

**Legend:**

Operating materials	Function
1~N/PE/230V/50Hz	Controller supply
A1	Controller board: Attention: I-max = 6A/230VAC
EVU	Energy supplier contact: closed on release; bridge if no blocking interval
F1	High-pressure switch
F2	Low-pressure switch
F3	Motor protection switch, wellpump
F6	Flow rate switch
VD1	Contactor for compressor 1
VD2	Contactor for compressor 2
K3	Contactor for well pump
VBO	Contactor for thermo contact on heating circulation pump; not applicable with optional integrated heat quantity meter
HUP	Heating pump; not applicable with optional integrated heat quantity meter
M6	Heating pump efficiency; installed with optional integrated heat quantity meter
MIS	Mixer; installed with cooling option
7	Terminal strip in switchbox of heat pump; N/PE distribution for external 230V units

**UK817291c**

**Function**

**Controller supply**

**Controller board: Attention: I-max = 6A/230VAC**

**Energy supplier contact: closed on release; bridge if no blocking interval**

**High-pressure switch**

**Low-pressure switch**

**Motor protection switch, wellpump**

**Flow rate switch**

**Contactor for compressor 1**

**Contactor for compressor 2**

**Contactor for well pump**

**Contactor for thermo contact on heating circulation pump; not applicable with optional integrated heat quantity meter**

**Heating pump; not applicable with optional integrated heat quantity meter**

**Heating pump efficiency; installed with optional integrated heat quantity meter**

**Mixer; installed with cooling option**

**Terminal strip in switchbox of heat pump; N/PE distribution for external 230V units**



Circuit diagram 3/3





## EC Declaration of Conformity in accordance with the EC Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, Annex II A



The undersigned

confirms that the following designated device(s) as designed and marketed by us fulfill the standardized EC directives, the EC safety standards and the product-specific EC standards.

In the event of modification of the device(s) without our approval, this declaration shall become invalid.

Designation of the device(s)

Heat Pump



Unit model	Number	Unit model	Number
WWC 100H/X	100 481		
WWC 130H/X	100 482		
WWC 160H/X	100 483		
WWC 190H/X	100 484		
WWC 220H/X	100 485		
WWC 280X	100 486		
WWC 440X*	100 487		

### EC Directives

2006/42/EG 2009/125/EG

2006/95/EG 2010/30/EU

2004/108/EG

\*97/23/EG

2011/65/EG

### \* Pressure equipment component

Category II

Module A1

Designated position:

TÜV-SÜD

Industrie Service GmbH (Nr.:0036)

### Standardized EN

EN 378 EN 349

EN 60529 EN 60335-1/-2-40

EN ISO 12100-1/2 EN 55014-1/-2

EN ISO 13857 EN 61000-3-2/-3-3

### Company:

ait-deutschland GmbH

Industrie Str. 3

93359 Kasendorf

Germany

Place, date:

Kasendorf, 14.12.2015

Signature:

UK818132d

Jesper Stannow  
Head of Heating Development



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W [www.alpha-innotec.de](http://www.alpha-innotec.de)



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